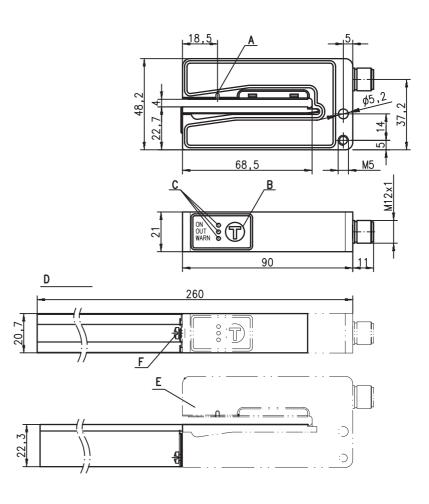
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IGSU 14D SD

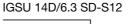
Splice sensor

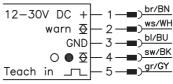
Dimensioned drawing



- A Sensor marker
- B Teach-in button
- **C** Indicator diodes (ON, OUT, WARN)
- D View with extended carriage mounted
- E Sensor
- F Fastening screw for carriage

Electrical connection





12 - 30 V <u>DC</u>

- Reliable detection of splices on paper web or plastic web
- With integrated paper tear monitoring
- Simple teach process on sheet with or without splice transport
- Switching signal with pulse stretching (can be switched off)
- Warning output for indicating teach errors or paper tear
- Easy adjustment via lockable teach button or teach input



Accessories:

(available separately)

- Carriage short (Part No. 50114055) As replacement for the series part.
- Extended carriage (Part No. 50114056) For better guiding of oversized labels. The rail can be shortened at any point.
- M12 connectors (KD ...)
- Cable with M12 connector (K-D...)

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IGSU 14D SD

Tables

Specifications

Physical data

Mouth width Mouth depth Web speed 1) Web speed during teach-in Response time Delay before start-up

Electrical data

Operating voltage U_B²⁾ Residual ripple Open-circuit current Switching output 3)

Warning output 2)

Function switching output IGSU Pulse stretching ⁴⁾ Signal voltage high/low Output current Capacitive load

Indicators

Green LED Yellow and green LEDs flash Yellow LED Red LED Red LED flashing

Mechanical data

Housing Color Weight Ultrasonic transducer Connection type

Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage) Protective circuit ⁶⁾ VDE safety class Degree of protection Standards applied Certifications

Options

Teach-in input Active/Not active Input resistance

1) Dependent on material

For UL applications: for use in class 2 circuits according to NEC only 2)

The push-pull switching outputs must not be connected in parallel 3)

4)́ Can be switched off

5) The ceramic material of the ultrasonic transducer contains lead zirconium titanate (PZT)

6) 1=polarity reversal protection, 2=short circuit protection for all outputs

These proximity switches shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated 30V, 0.5A min, 7) in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7)

4mm

68mm

≤ 250 us

≤ 80mA

splice detected 20ms

 \geq (U_B-2V)/ \leq 2V \leq 100 mA

teach-in activated

diecast zinc, painted

piezoceramic ⁵⁾ M12 connector, 5-pin

0°C ... +60°C/-40°C ... +70°C 1, 2 III

UL 508, C22.2 No.14-13 2) 7)

splice detected

red/black

270g

IP 65

IEC 60947-5-2

 \geq 8V/ \leq 2V

 $15 k\Omega$

 $\leq 0.5 \mu F$

readv

..../6

 \leq 50 m/min (\leq 0.83 m/s)

≤ 300ms acc. to IEC 60947-5-2

≤ 2400m/min (≤ 40m/s) at 10mm splice width

12VDC (-5%) ... 30VDC (incl. residual ripple) \leq 15% of U_B

active low (normal operation high, event case low)

Pin 4: push-pull switching output PNP transistor: ON if splice is detected, NPN transistor: ON if paper is detected

teaching error / function error / paper tear

short-circuit at switching/warning output

pin 2: push-pull switching output

Order guide

Ultrasonic sensor for splice inspection

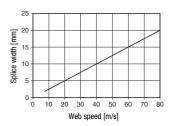
With 2 x push-pull outputs: Pin 4: signal at splice, pin 2: warning output; Teach-in via button on device and teach input; Connection: M12 connector

Designation							
IGSU 14D/6.3 SD-S12							

Part no. 50126787

Diagrams





Remarks

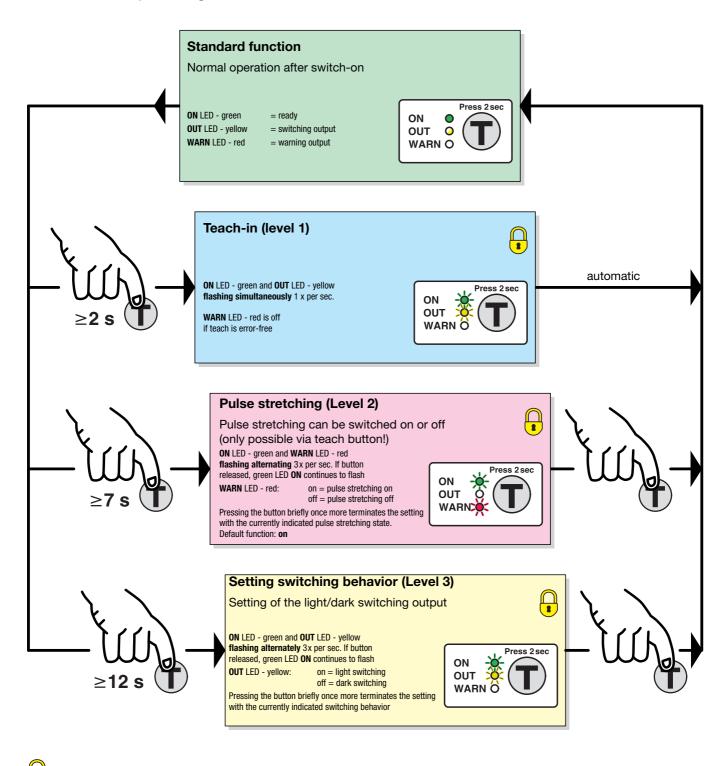
Operate in accordance with intended use!

- ♦ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
- ✤ The product may only be put into
- operation by competent persons.
 Only use the product in accor-
- dance with the intended use.
- To achieve reliable splice detection, the sheet must be slightly under tension on the carriage (B).

IGSU 14D SD

Splice sensor

Overview of operating structure for IGSU 14D



= function lockable through constant application of U_B on the teach input

IGSU 14D SD

Sensor adjustment (teach-in) via teach button

easy Teach with or without foil web transport

Preparation: Insert sheet into the sensor.

- Press the teach button until green and yellow LEDs flash simultaneously.
- Release teach button the green and yellow LEDs flash simultaneously and faster. The teach time of approx. 6s begins.
- If the sheet is not transported, it remains unchanged and slightly under tension in the sensor. Alternatively, the sheet can be transported through the sensor with a max. speed of 50m/min. If no splice is transported through the sensor, the sensor calculates the switching threshold as a function of this state. Advantage: very simple execution.
- If a splice is transported through the sensor during teach time, the sensor calculates the switching threshold as a function of both states. Advantage: very reliable detection.

• After the teach time is over, the sensor automatically ends the teach event.

If the teach process is faulty (e.g. unfavorable material combination), the red LED lights and the warning output is activated. Repeat the teach process. If the fault cannot be rectified, the sheet material cannot be detected with the IGSU 14D.

When changing to another type of sheet, a new adjustment should generally be carried out by carrying out a new teach-in event.

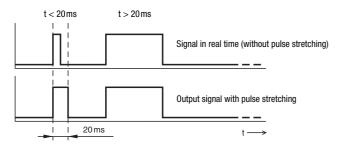
Setting the pulse stretching

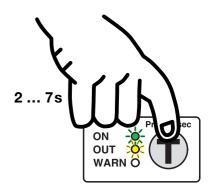
- Press the teach button until green and red LEDs flash <u>alternately</u>.
- Release the teach button the green LED continues to flash, the red LED alternates slowly between ON and OFF.
- Red LED ON = pulse stretching on Red LED OFF = pulse stretching off.
- Pressing the button briefly once more terminates the setting with the currently indicated pulse stretching state.
- Ready.

Attention: This function can only be executed with the teach button!

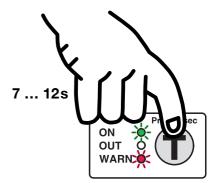
Pulse stretching (20ms):

If the web speed is high and the splice width is thin, the signal on the switching output is very short when moving over a splice. Therefore pulse stretching (set to 20ms) is activated in the factory settings. If this is undesirable, the function can be switched off as described above.





The **green** and the **yellow** LEDs flash **simultaneously** approx. **1** x per sec.



The **green** and the **red** LEDs flash **alternately** approx. **3**x per sec.

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IGSU 14D SD

Splice sensor

Warning output and red LED on sensor

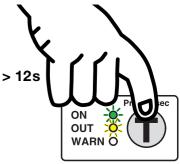
Function	Red LED on sensor	Warning output (Pin 2)	Explanation and measures
Paper tear	LED ON	Active: low	Paper tear: -> check sheet.
Teach error	LED ON	Active: low	Material outside of working range (too thin or too thick): -> with use of too-thick material, check the use of Leuze VSU 12.
Subvoltage	LED ON	No change	-> Check supply voltage.
Short-circuit or overload on an output	LED flashes	Tri-state ¹⁾	-> Check connections, -> remedy short-circuit or overload.

1) The output on the sensor is high-impedance in tri-state mode. Depending on the input wiring of the downstream control electronics, the signal is **low** in the case of input wiring with pull-down resistor or **high** in the case of wiring with a pull-up resistor.

Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output (light/dark switching)

- Press the teach button until green and yellow LEDs flash alternately.
- Release the teach button the green LED continues to flash, the yellow LED alternates slowly between ON and OFF.
- Yellow LED ON = output switches on light Yellow LED OFF = output switches on dark.
- Pressing the button briefly once more terminates the setting with the currently indicated switching behavior.
- Ready.

 \cap



The **green** and the **yellow** LEDs flash alternately approx. **3**x per sec.

Sensor adjustment (teach-in) via teach input

The following description applies to PNP switching logic!

U _{Teach}	Not connected	Internal pull-down resistor pulls the input down to zero	Teach button can be operated; all functions adjustable
U _{Teach low}	≤ 2V	Low level	Teach button can be operated; all functions adjustable
U _{Teach high}	≥ (U _B -2V)	High level	Teach button disabled; button has no function
U _{Teach}	> 2V < (U _B -2V)	Not permitted	Level not defined; current state is retained

The device setting is stored in a fail-safe way. A reconfiguration following voltage interruption or switch-off is thus not required.

IGSU 14D SD

easyTeach with or without foil web transport

Preparation: Insert sheet into the sensor.

					Teach duration approx. 6s, switching output in tri-state	Standard function
Button disabled	1	┍═╩╴╴	1	%	U _{Teach high}	
Button enabled	 	 	<u></u>		U_Teach_low	<u></u>
			**		1	$t \longrightarrow$
After switching on the supply voltage and after the delay before start-up has conclud- ed (≤ 300 ms), the teach but- ton on the device can be operated.	Only if the teach button was disabled before the teach.	The teach button is disabled after at the 1st edge transition.	<i>easyTeach</i> : t _{Teach} = 4 900 ms	4 100ms	Teach event starts: the green and yellow LEDs flash simultaneously for approx. 1x a second. If the sheet is not transported, it remains unchanged and slightly under tension in the sensor. Alternatively, the sheet can be transported through the sensor with a max. speed of 50 m/min. If no splice is transported through the sensor, the sensor calculates the switching threshold as a function of this state. Advantage: very simple execution. If a splice is transported through the sensor during teach time, the sensor calculates the switching threshold as a function of both states. Advantage: very reliable detection. During the event, the button on the device is disabled, it can be op- erated again after this.	

When a teach error occurs (e.g. sheet cannot be reliably detected due to insufficient signals), the red LED flashes. Independent of the state, the green LED switches on when the teach event has ended, and the yellow LED displays the current switching state.

Adjusting the switching behavior of the switching output - light/dark switching

Button disabled		2100 3000ms	4 900ms	1100 2000ms		
Button enabled		,			,	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>				<u>}</u>

After switching on the supply voltage and after the delay			Teach switching output: t _{Teach} = 2100 3000 ms	Switching output light switching (4 900ms) Switching output dark switching (1100 2000ms)	The teach button is enabled again.
before start-up has conclud- ed (≤ 300 ms), the teach but- ton on the device can be operated.		The teach button is disabled after the 1st edge transition.	rfeach – 2100 30001115	Switching ouput dark switching (1100 2000115)	

Locking the teach button via the teach input



IGSU 14D:

A **static high signal** (\geq 4ms) on the teach input locks the teach button on the device if required so that no manual operation is possible (e.g. protection against erroneous operation or manipulation).

If the teach input is not connected or if there is a static low signal, the button is enabled and can be operated freely.

