# Leuze electronic

the sensor people



# BPS 307i Bar Code Positioning System



EN 2018/01 - 50127000 We reserve the right to make technical changes

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## 1 About this document

## 1.1 Used symbols and signal words

## Table 1.1: Warning symbols and signal words

	Symbol indicating dangers to persons
	Symbol indicating dangers from harmful laser radiation
NOTE	Signal word for property damage Indicates dangers that may result in property damage if the measures for danger avoidance are not followed.

#### Table 1.2: Other symbols

o	Symbol for tips
1	Text passages with this symbol provide you with further information.
Ŕ	Symbol for action steps Text passages with this symbol instruct you to perform actions.

#### Table 1.3: Terms and abbreviations

ВСВ	Bar code tape (general or specific BCB type with 40 mm grid)
BCB8	Bar code tape (BCB type with 30 mm grid)
BPS	Bar code Positioning System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
DAP	Device Access Point
DCP	Discovery and Configuration Protocol
EMC	Electromagnetic compatibility
EN	European standard
FE	Functional earth
GSD	General Station Description
GSDML	Generic Station Description Markup Language
GUI	Graphical User Interface
IO or I/O	Input/Output
I&M	Information & Maintenance
IP	Internet Protocol
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MAC	Media Access Control
MVS	Type of control bar code
MV0	Type of control bar code

NEC	National Electric Code
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection model
PELV	Protective Extra-Low Voltage
RT	Real Time
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
PLC	Programmable Logic Control Programmable Logic Control
SSI	Synchronous Serial Interface (Digital Synchronous Serial Interface)
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
USB	Universal Serial Bus
UL	Underwriters Laboratories
UV	Ultraviolet
XML	Extensible Markup Language

#### 2 Safety

This sensor was developed, manufactured and tested in line with the applicable safety standards. It corresponds to the state of the art.

#### 2.1 Intended use

The device is an optical measuring system which uses visible red laser light to determine its position relative to a permanently mounted bar code tape.

All accuracy details for the BPS 300 measurement system refer to the position relative to the permanently mounted bar code tape.

#### Areas of application

The BPS is designed for positioning in the following areas of application:

- Telpher line
- · Travel and lifting axes of high-bay storage devices
- Repositioning units
- · Gantry crane bridges and their trolleys
- Elevators

## 

#### Observe intended use!

b Only operate the device in accordance with its intended use.

The protection of personnel and the device cannot be guaranteed if the device is operated in a manner not complying with its intended use.

Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable for damages caused by improper use.

✤ Read the operating instructions before commissioning the device.

Knowledge of the operating instructions is an element of proper use.

#### NOTICE

#### Comply with conditions and regulations!

Observe the locally applicable legal regulations and the rules of the employer's liability insurance association.

#### 2.2 Foreseeable misuse

Any use other than that defined under "Intended use" or which goes beyond that use is considered improper use.

In particular, use of the device is not permitted in the following cases:

- · in rooms with explosive atmospheres
- · for medical purposes
- as own safety component in accordance with the machinery directive



Use as safety-related component within the safety function is possible, if the component combination is designed correspondingly by the machine manufacturer.

#### NOTICE

#### Do not modify or otherwise interfere with the device!

b Do not carry out modifications or otherwise interfere with the device.

The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way.

The device must not be opened. There are no user-serviceable parts inside.

Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG.

#### 2.3 Competent persons

Connection, mounting, commissioning and adjustment of the device must only be carried out by competent persons.

Prerequisites for competent persons:

- They have a suitable technical education.
- They are familiar with the rules and regulations for occupational safety and safety at work.
- They are familiar with the original operating instructions of the device.
- They have been instructed by the responsible person on the mounting and operation of the device.

#### **Certified electricians**

Electrical work must be carried out by a certified electrician.

Due to their technical training, knowledge and experience as well as their familiarity with relevant standards and regulations, certified electricians are able to perform work on electrical systems and independently detect possible dangers.

In Germany, certified electricians must fulfill the requirements of accident-prevention regulations DGUV (German Social Accident Insurance) provision 3 (e.g. electrician foreman). In other countries, there are respective regulations that must be observed.

#### 2.4 Exemption of liability

Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable in the following cases:

- The device is not being used properly.
- Reasonably foreseeable misuse is not taken into account.
- Mounting and electrical connection are not properly performed.
- Changes (e.g., constructional) are made to the device.

#### 2.5 Laser warning notices

#### ATTENTION, LASER RADIATION – LASERCLASS2

#### Never look directly into the beam!

The device satisfies the requirements of IEC 60825-1:2007 (EN 60825-1:2007) safety regulations for a product of **laser class 2** as well as the U.S. 21 CFR 1040.10 regulations with deviations corresponding to "Laser Notice No. 50" from June 24, 2007.

b Never look directly into the laser beam or in the direction of reflected laser beams!

If you look into the beam path over a longer time period, there is a risk of injury to the retina.

- b Do not point the laser beam of the device at persons!
- Interrupt the laser beam using a non-transparent, non-reflective object if the laser beam is accidentally directed towards a person.
- b When mounting and aligning the device, avoid reflections of the laser beam off reflective surfaces!
- CAUTION! The use of operating or adjusting devices other than those specified here or carrying out of differing procedures may lead to dangerous exposure to radiation.
- b Observe the applicable statutory and local laser protection regulations.
- b The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way.

There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device.

Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG.

#### NOTICE

#### Affix laser information and warning signs!

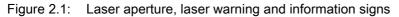
Laser information and warning signs attached to the device (see figure 2.1). Also included with the device are self-adhesive laser warning and laser information signs (stick-on labels) in multiple languages (see figure 2.2).

- b Affix the laser information sheet to the device in the language appropriate for the place of use.
- When using the device in the U.S.A., use the stick-on label with the "Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10" notice.
- Affix the laser information and warning signs near the device if no signs are attached to the device (e.g. because the device is too small) or if the attached laser information and warning signs are concealed due to the installation position.

Affix the laser information and warning signs so that they are legible without exposing the reader to the laser radiation of the device or other optical radiation.



- 1 Laser aperture
- 2 Laser warning sign
- 3 Laser information sign with laser parameters



Safety

LASERSTRAHLUNG NICHT IN DEN STRAHL BLICKEN	RADIAZIONE LASER NON FISSARE IL FASCIO
Max. Leistung (peak):1,8 mWImpulsdauer:<150 μs	Potenza max. (peak): 1,8 m Durata dell'impulso: <150 µ Lunghezza d'onda: 655 n APARRECCHIO LASER DI CLASSE 2 EN 60825-1:2007
LASER RADIATION DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM	RAYONNEMENT LASER NE PAS REGARDER DANS LE FAISCEA
Maximum Output (peak):       1.8 mW         Pulse duration:       <150 μs	Puissance max. (crête): 1,8 m Durée d'impulsion: <150 µ Longueur d'onde: 655 m APPAREIL À LASER DE CLASSE 2 EN 60825-1:2007
AVOID EXPOSURE - LASER RADIATION	EXPOSITION DANGEREUSE - UN RAYONNEI
IS EMITTED FROM THIS APERTURE	LASER EST ÉMIS PAR CETTE OUVERTU
RADIACIÓN LÁSER NO MIRAR FIJAMENTE AL HAZ	RADIAÇÃO LASER NÃO OLHAR FIXAMENTE O FEIXE
Potencia máx. (peak): 1,8 mW Duración del impulso: <150 µs Longitud de onda: 655 nm PRODUCTO LÁSER DE CLASE 2 EN 60825-1:2007	Potência máx. (peak): 1,8 m Período de pulso: <150 µ Comprimento de onda: 655 m EQUIPAMENTO LASER CLASSE 2 EN 60825-1:2007
LASER RADIATION	激光辐射
DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM         Maximum Output (avg):       <1 mW	勿直视光束       最大输出(峰值):     1.8 m       脉冲持续时间:     <150 µ

Figure 2.2: Laser warning and information signs – supplied stick-on labels

#### 3 Device description

#### 3.1 Device overview

#### 3.1.1 General information

The BPS bar code positioning system uses visible red laser light to determine its position and its speed value relative to a bar code tape that is affixed along the travel path. This takes place in the following steps:

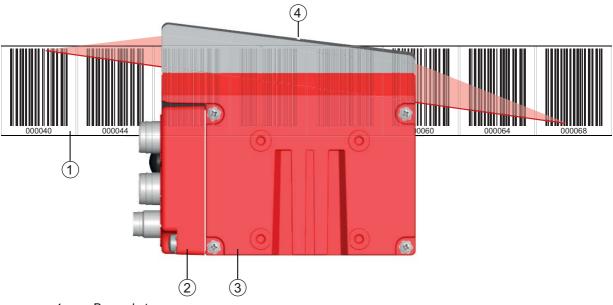
- Read a code on the bar code tape (see figure 3.1)
- · Determine the position of the read code in the scanning beam
- Calculate the position to within less than a millimeter using the code information and the code position relative to the device's center.

The position and speed values are then output to the controller via the host interface.

The BPS consists of device housing and interface connection hood for the connection to the control. The BPS can optionally be delivered with display and optics heating.

The following connection hoods are available for the connection of the SSI interface:

- MS 307 connection hood with M12 connectors
- MK 307 connection hood with spring-cage terminals
- · KB 307 connection hood with cable



- 1 Bar code tape
- 2 Connection hood
- 3 Device housing
- 4 Middle of the scanning beam (device middle, output position value)

Figure 3.1: Device construction, device arrangement and beam exit

#### 3.1.2 Performance characteristics

The most important performance characteristics of the bar code positioning system:

- Positioning with submillimeter accuracy from 0 to 10,000 m
- · For the control at high traverse rates of up to 10 m/s
- · Simultaneous position and speed measurement
- Working range: 50 to 170 mm; enables flexible mounting positions
- Interfaces: PROFINET fieldbus, PROFIBUS fieldbus, SSI, RS 232/RS 422, RS 485
- · Binary inputs and outputs for control and process monitoring
- · Configuration via webConfig tool or fieldbus
- · Diagnostics via webConfig tool or optional display
- Optional model with display
- Optional model with heating for use to -35 °C

#### 3.1.3 Accessories

Special accessories are available for the bar code positioning system. The accessories are optimally matched to the BPS:

- · Highly flexible, scratch-, smudge- and UV-resistant bar code tape
- Mounting devices for precise mounting with one screw (easy-mount)
- Modular connection technology via connection hoods with M12 connectors, spring-cage terminals or with cable.

#### 3.1.4 Device model with heating

The bar code positioning system is optionally available as a model with integrated heating. In this case, heating is permanently installed ex works.

#### NOTICE

#### No self-installation of the heating!

Self-installation of the heating on-site by the user is not possible.

The heating consists of two parts:

- · Front cover heater
- · Housing heater

Features of the integrated heating:

- Extends the application range of the BPS to -35 °C
- Supply voltage 18 ... 30 VDC
- BPS release through an internal temperature switch (start-up delay of about 30 min for 24 V DC and minimum ambient temperature of -35 °C)
- Required conductor cross-section for the power supply: At least 0.75 mm2

#### NOTICE

#### Do not use ready-made cables!

✤ It is not possible to use ready-made cables.

The current consumption of the BPS is too high for the ready-made cables.

#### Function

When the supply voltage is applied to the BPS, a temperature switch initially only supplies the heating with current (front cover heater and housing heater). During the heating phase (around 30 min), when the inside temperature rises above 15 °C, the temperature switch connects the BPS to the supply voltage. This is followed by the self test and the changeover to read operation. The PWR LED lights up, showing overall readiness for operation.

When the inside temperature reaches approx. 18  $^{\circ}$ C, another temperature switch turns the housing heater off and, if necessary, back on again (if the inside temperature drops below 15  $^{\circ}$ C). This does not interrupt the read operation.

The front cover heater remains activated until an inside temperature of 25 °C is reached. At temperatures above this, the front cover heater switches off and, with a switching hysteresis of 3 °C, back on again at an inside temperature below 22 °C.

#### 3.2 Connection technology

For the electrical connection of the BPS, the following connection variants are available:

- · MS 307 connection hood with M12 connectors
- · MK 307 connection hood with spring-cage terminals
- KB 307 connection hood with cable

The voltage supply (18 ... 30 VDC) is connected acc. to the connection type selected.

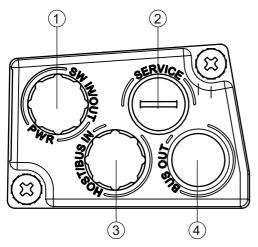
Two freely programmable switching inputs/switching outputs for individual adaptation to the respective application are also available here.

#### 3.2.1 MS 307 connection hood with M12 connectors

The MS 307 connection hood features two M12 connector plugs and a Mini-B type USB socket as a service interface for configuration and diagnostics of the BPS.

O The configuration switches and the integrated parameter memory for the simple replacement of

 $\int$  the BPS are located in the MS 307.



- 1 PWR / SW IN/OUT: M12 plug (A-coded)
- 2 SERVICE: Mini-B USB socket (behind protective cap)
- 3 HOST / BUS IN: M12 plug (B-coded), SSI
- 4 BUS OUT: not equipped

Figure 3.2: MS 307 connection hood, connections

#### NOTICE

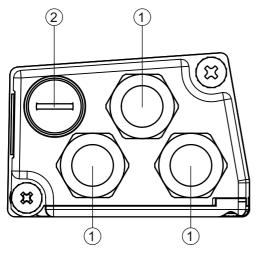
#### Shielding connection

b The shielding connection is done via the M12 connector housing.

#### 3.2.2 MK 307 connection hood with spring-cage terminals

The MK 307 connection hood makes it possible to connect the BPS directly and without additional connectors. The MK 307 features cable bushings in which the shielding connection for the interface cable is also located. A Mini-B type USB socket is used for service purposes and for configuration and diagnostic of the BPS.

- $\bigcirc$  The configuration switches and the integrated parameter memory for simple replacement of the
- BPS are located in the MK 307.



- 1 3x cable bushing, M16 x 1.5
- 2 SERVICE: Mini-B USB socket (behind protective cap)

Figure 3.3: Connection hood MK 307, connections

#### Cable fabrication and shielding connection

Semove approx. 78 mm of the connection cable sheathing.

15 mm of sheath of the shielded line must be freely accessible.

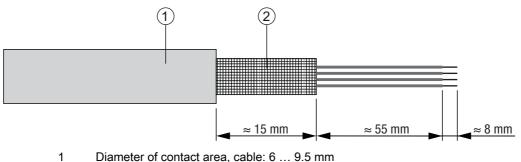
♦ Lead the individual wires into the terminals according to the diagram.

#### NOTICE

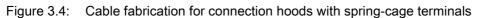
#### Do not use wire-end sleeves!

b When fabricating cables, we recommend against using wire-end sleeves.

The shield is automatically contacted when the cable is lead into the metal screw fitting and fas tened when the cord grip is closed.



Diameter of contact area, cable: 6 ... 9.5 mm
 Diameter of contact area, shield: 5 ... 9.5 mm



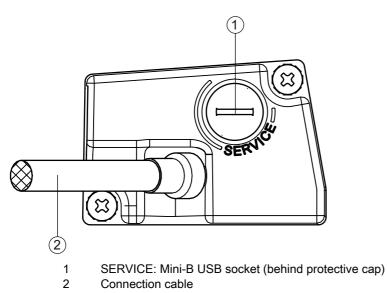
#### 3.2.3 KB 307 connection hood with cable

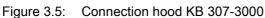
With connection hood KB 307, it is possible to directly connect the BPS. A Mini-B type USB socket is used for service purposes and for configuration and diagnostic of the BPS. The length of the connection cable is 3 m.

Д

 $_{\bigcirc}$  To connect, the system plugs (JST) at the end of the cable must be removed.

No parameter memory is integrated in connection hood KB 307.





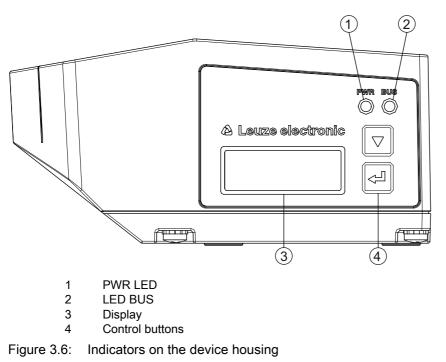
#### 3.3 Display elements

The BPS is available optionally with display, two control buttons and LEDs or with only two LEDs as indicators on the device housing.

#### 3.3.1 LED indicators

The device housing features the following multicolor LED indicators as primary display element:

- PWR
- BUS



Leuze electronic

LED	Color, state	Description
LED 1 PWR	Off	Device is switched off • No supply voltage
	Green, flashing	Device is being initialized • Supply voltage connected • Initialization running • No measurement value output
	Green, continuous light	Device in operation <ul> <li>Initialization finished</li> <li>Measurement value output</li> </ul>
	Red, flashing	Warning set • No measurement (e.g. no bar code tape)
	Orange, continuous light	<ul><li>Service active</li><li>No data on the host interface</li><li>Configuration via USB service interface</li></ul>
LED 2	Off	No supply voltage
BUS	Green, flashing	Initialization of the host interface <ul> <li>No communication</li> </ul>
	Green, continuous light	Host interface active <ul> <li>Communication possible</li> </ul>
	Red, flashing	Communication error detected

Table 3.1:	Meaning of the LED indicators on the device housing
10010 0.1.	

#### 3.3.2 Display indicators

The optional display of the BPS is only used as a display element. The display has the following features:

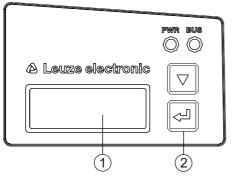
- Monochromatic with white background lighting
- Double line, 128 x 32 pixels
- Display language: English

Two control buttons can be used to control which values appear in the display.

The background lighting is activated by pressing any control button and is automatically deactivated after ten minutes have passed.

The display shows the content on two lines:

- The upper display line shows the selected function as an English term.
- The lower display line shows the data of the selected function.



- 1 Display
- 2 Control buttons

Figure 3.7: Display on the device housing

#### Display functions

- The following functions can be displayed and activated in the display:
  - · Position value
    - Position Value
      Position value in mm Display with "." as decimal separator character (e.g., + 34598.7 mm)
  - Reading quality
    - Quality
    - 0 ... 100%
  - · Device status
    - BPS Info
    - System OK | Warning | Error
  - I/O status Status of the inputs/outputs
    - I/O status
    - IO1 In:0 | IO2 Out:0 In/Out depending on configuration, 0/1 for state of the I/O
  - Version information Software and hardware version of the device
    - Version
    - SW: V1.3.0 HW:1

#### NOTICE

#### Laser activation by selecting Quality!

If measurement is stopped, the laser is activated by selecting *Quality*.

The display is controlled via the control buttons:

- Enter: activate or deactivate the display shift function
- **V Down**: scroll through functions (downwards)

Example: Representation of the I/O status on the display

- 1. Press button 🖵 : Display flashes
- 2. Press button **v** : Display changes from position value (*Position Value*) to reading quality (*Quality*)
- 3. Press button 👿 : Display changes from reading quality (*Quality*) to device status (*BPS Info*)
- 4. Press button 👿 : Display changes from device status (BPS Info) to I/O status
- 5. Press button 👝 : I/O status displayed, display stops flashing

#### Display during device start-up

During device start-up, a start-up display first appears which is briefly followed by the display with the version information.

The standard display after starting up the BPS is Position Value.

#### 3.4 Bar code tape

#### 3.4.1 General information

The bar code tape is available in different variants:

- BCB bar code tape with 40 mm grid Code128 with character set C, increasing in increments of 4 (e.g., 000004, 000008, ...)
- Bar code tape BCB8 with 30 mm grid Code128 with character set C, increasing in increments of 3 (e.g. 000003, 000006, ...)

A bar code tape consists of a sequence of individual position labels in one of the two grids. Defined cut marks are provided for cutting the BCB.

The bar code tape is delivered on a roll. A roll contains up to 200 m of BCB, with the wrapping direction from the outside to the inside (smallest number on the outside). If more than 200 m of BCB is ordered, the total length is divided into rolls of 200 m.

Bar code tapes with special requirements with respect to height, length and value range can be ordered from **Leuze electronic** (see chapter 14.5 "Bar code tapes").

#### NOTICE

#### Value range for BCB with special requirements!

When ordering bar code tapes with special requirements, make certain that the value range contains only values that are divisible by three (BCB8 with 30 mm grid) or four (BCB with 40 mm grid).

It may otherwise not be possible to purchase and use repair tapes.

#### NOTICE

#### Only one BCB type per system!

♦ In a given system, use either only BCB8 with 30 mm grid or only BCB with 40 mm grid.

If different BCB types are used in one system, the BPS cannot ensure an exact position determination.

#### NOTICE

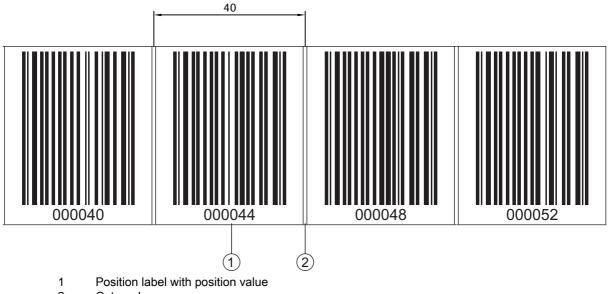
#### Configure the BPS for the used BCB type!

- ✤ The used BCB type must be set in the webConfig tool with the *Tape selection* parameter; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function".
- ♦ On delivery, the BPS is set for BCB with a 40 mm grid.

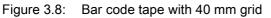
If the BCB8 with a 30 mm grid is used, the *Tape selection* must be adjusted in the BPS configuration.

If the used BCB type does not correspond to the *Tape selection* configured in the BPS, exact position determination cannot be performed by the BPS.

#### BCB bar code tape with 40 mm grid



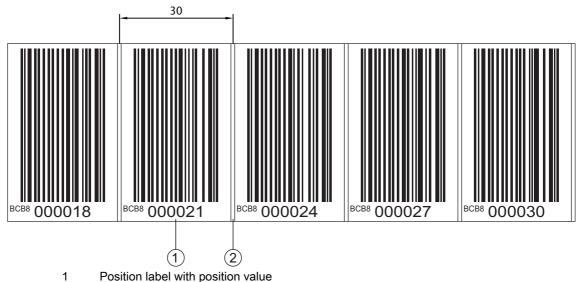
2 Cut mark



The standard height of 47 mm can be adapted. Other BCB height (25 mm) and special heights on request.

With a standard bar code tape and a repair tape with 40 mm grid, the printed numerical values are divisible by four without a remainder.

#### Bar code tape BCB8 with 30 mm grid



2 Cut mark

Figure 3.9: Bar code tape with 30 mm grid

The standard height of 47 mm can be adapted. Other BCB heights (25 mm and 30 mm) and special heights on request.



With a standard bar code tape and repair tape with 30 mm grid, the printed numerical values are divisible by three without a remainder.

For bar code tapes with 30 mm grid, the designation *BCB8* is printed in plain text in addition to the position value.

#### 3.4.2 Control bar codes

With the help of control bar codes that are affixed on top of the bar code tape at appropriate positions, functions in the BPS can be activated or deactivated, e.g., for changing various position values at switches. Code type Code128 with character set B is used for the control bar code.

The *MVS* label is a control bar code for the direction-independent switching of the position values from one bar code tape to another in the middle of the control bar code label.

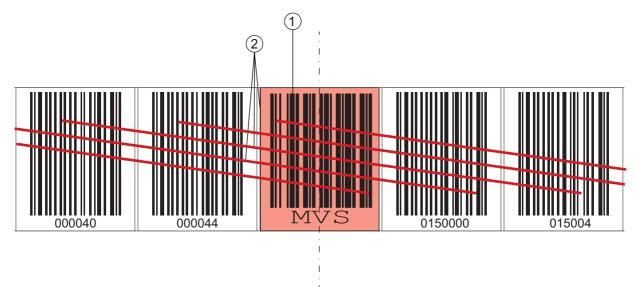
• If, upon reaching the changeover position in the middle of the *MVS* label, the BPS does not detect the new BCB section in the scanning beam, the position value of the first BCB section is still output after the middle of the *MVS* label for half of the label width.

The *MVO* label is a control bar code for the deactivation of the position output.

• If the BPS detects the middle of the *MVO* label, no position values are output after the middle of the *MVO* label.

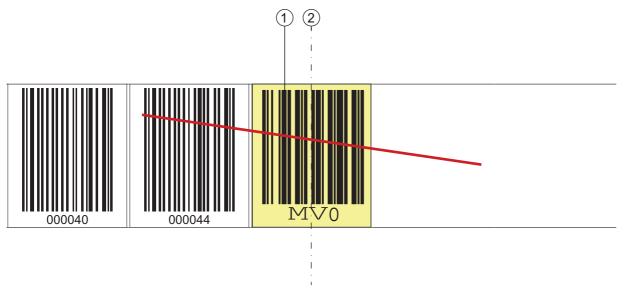
#### Arrangement of the control bar codes

The control bar code is attached in such a way that it replaces one position bar code or seamlessly connects two bar code tapes with different value ranges to one another (see figure 3.10).



- 1 Control bar code
- 2 The control bar code is decoded in the marked scans

Figure 3.10: Arrangement of the MVS control bar code



- 1 Control bar code
- 2 End of position determination from the middle of the control bar code

Figure 3.11: Arrangement of the MV0 control bar code

#### NOTICE

#### Distance between two control bar codes!

b Make certain that there is only one control bar code (or marker label) in the scanning beam at a time.

The minimum distance between two control bar codes is determined by the distance between the BPS and bar code tape and the resulting length of the scanning beam.

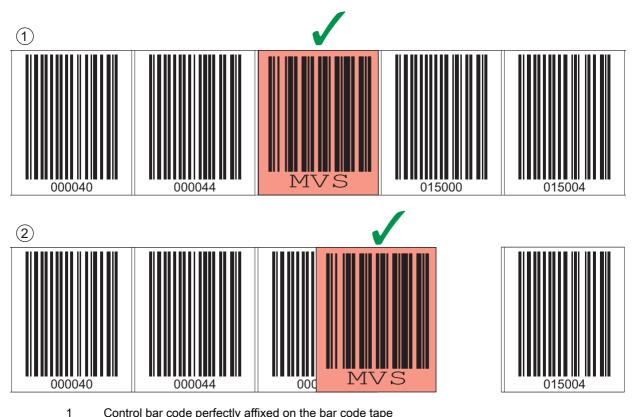
The control bar codes are simply affixed over the existing bar code tape.

A control bar code should cover an entire position bar code and must have the correct grid dimension (see figure 3.12):

- 30 mm with BCB8 bar code tapes
- 40 mm with BCB bar code tapes



Keep the gap between the BCBs that are switched between as small as possible.



Control bar code perfectly affixed on the bar code tape 2

Control bar code at small gap between two bar code tapes

Figure 3.12: Correct positioning of the control bar code

#### NOTICE

#### Gaps in bar code tape

Avoid polished and high-gloss surfaces.

Keep the gaps between the two bar code tapes and the control bar code as small as possible.

#### Measurement value switching between two bar code tapes with different value ranges

The *MVS* or *MV0* control bar code is used to switch between two bar code tapes.

#### NOTICE

#### 1 m minimum distance of the bar code values for measurement value switching!

b For different BCB value ranges, make certain that the minimum distance of 1 m between the preceding position bar code (before the control bar code) and the subsequent position bar code (after the control bar code) is maintained.

Example (BCB with 40 mm grid): If the last position bar code on the BCB before the control bar code is 75120, the following position bar code on the BCB after the control bar code must be at least 75220.

If the minimum distance between the bar code values is not maintained, position determination may be faulty.

- The end of the preceding bar code tape and the start of the subsequent bar code tape can end and begin, respectively, with completely different position bar codes.
- BCB changeover by means of a control bar code always occurs at the same position, i.e., it serves to change from the preceding tape to the subsequent tape and vice versa.
- If the center of the BPS reaches the transition point of the control bar code, the device switches to the second BCB, provided the next position label is in the BPS's scanning beam (see figure 3.13). The output position value is thereby always uniquely assigned to one BCB.

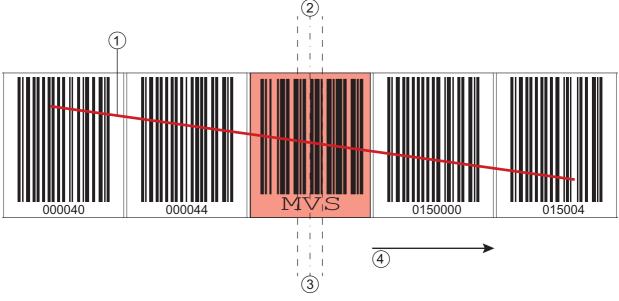
If the BPS does not detect the new BCB section upon reaching the changeover position, the posi-Ο П

tion-value output is dependent on the used control bar code.

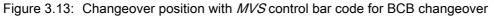
MVS control bar code: The position value of the first BCB is output beyond the middle of the MVS label for half of the label width.

MVO control bar code: No position values are output after the middle of the MVO label.

 When the control label is passed, the new BCB value is output relative to the middle of the device or label.



- 1 Scanning beam
- Middle of the control bar code 2
- 3 Middle of the BPS
- 4 Direction of movement



#### Marker labels 3.4.3

Marker labels, which are affixed at the appropriate locations on top of the bar code tape, can be used to trigger various functions in the superior control. The BPS detects the defined marker labels in the scanning beam, decodes them, and makes them available to the control.

#### NOTICE

#### Distance between two marker labels!

rightarrow Make certain that there is only one marker label (or control bar code) in the scanning beam at a time.

The minimum distance between two marker labels is determined by the distance between the BPS and bar code tape and the resulting length of the scanning beam.

#### Definition of the marker label

The following combinations of letters and numbers may be used as marker labels:

First character: A ... Z, a ... z

Second character: Digit from 0 ... 9

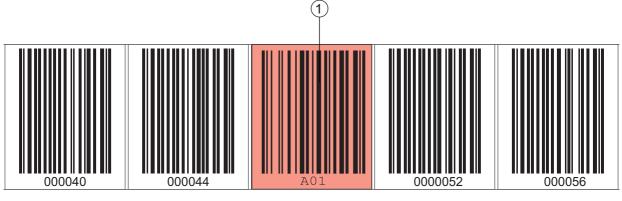
Third character: Digit from 0 ... 9

#### Structure of the marker labels

Code type Code128 with character set B is used for the marker labels.

#### Arrangement when using the marker label with positioning

The marker label must be attached to the bar code tape aligned with the grid of the actual coding. A position code should be visible before and after the marker label.



1 Marker label

Figure 3.14: System arrangement of marker labels

#### Arrangement when using the marker label without positioning

The marker label must be positioned within the BPS's detection range.

#### 3.4.4 Twin tapes

Twin tapes are jointly manufactured bar code tapes with the same value range.

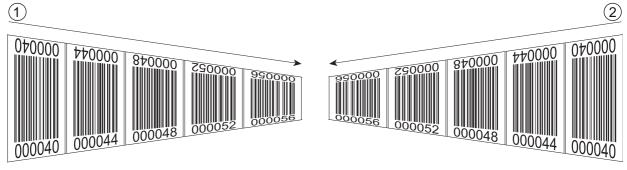
#### NOTICE

#### A twin tape always consists of two bar code tapes!

b When ordering a twin tape, two bar code tapes are always included with an order.

Twin tapes are used if positioning with two bar code tapes is necessary, e.g., with crane systems or elevators.

Because they are manufactured jointly, both tapes have the same length tolerance. As a result, differences in length and code position are minimal. By having the same code position on both tapes, improved synchronization can be achieved during positioning compared to bar code tapes that are manufactured separately.



- Twin bar code tape 1 1 2
- Twin bar code tape 2

Figure 3.15: Twin tape with double numbering

Ο Д Twin tapes are always delivered in pairs on two rolls.

If twin tapes are replaced, both tapes are to be replaced.

Twin tapes can be ordered from Leuze electronic (see chapter 14.5 "Bar code tapes").

#### 4 Functions

This chapter describes the functions of the BPS and the parameters for adaptation to the respective application conditions and requirements.

The parameters are set via the webConfig tool; see chapter 9 "Leuze electronic webConfig tool – Extended configuration".

Main functions:

- Position measurement
- Speed measurement

The following parameters are relevant for the timing of the position and speed measurement:

- Measurement value preparation Configurable response time
- Measurement error tolerance
   Configurable time-based error suppression

#### 4.1 Position measurement

The output value of the position measurement is calculated from the measurement and the settings for resolution, preset, offset, etc.

Parameter	Description	Range/Values
Position resolution	The parameter specifies the resolution of the position value. It acts only on the host interface. The resolution has no effect on the set parameter values such as offset or preset.	0.001 mm 0.01 mm 0.1 mm 1 mm 10 mm or Free resolution
Unit	The parameter specifies the measurement unit of the mea- sured position and speed. The selection of the measurement unit affects all parame- ters with measurement units.	Metric (mm) or inch (1/100 in)
Offset	The offset is used to correct the position value by a fixed amount. If the offset is activated, the offset is added to the position value. This yields a new output value: Output value = position value + offset	1 mm or inch/100
Preset	Like the offset, the preset is used to correct the position value. With preset, a preset value is specified. The value is accepted during a corresponding event (switching input or fieldbus). If the preset is activated, this has priority over the offset.	1 mm or inch/100

The most important individual parameters for the position measurement are:

#### 4.2 Speed measurement

The current speed is ascertained and output on the basis of the respective position values. The most important individual parameters for the speed measurement are:

Parameter	Description	Range/Values
Speed resolution	The parameter defines the resolution of the speed value. It affects only the fieldbus output.	1 mm/s 10 mm/s 100 mm/s 1000 mm/s or Free resolution
Averaging	The parameter specifies the averaging time of the calcu- lated speed values in steps.	Steps: 2 ms, 4 ms, 8 ms, 16 ms, 32 ms, 64 ms, 128 ms

#### 4.3 Timing

The BPS of the 300i series operate with a scanning rate of 1000 scans per second. A measurement value is ascertained every 1 ms.

The following parameters are relevant for the timing of the position and speed measurement:

Parameter	Description	Range/Values
Integration depth	The integration depth affects the measurement of position and speed. The <i>integration depth</i> parameter specifies the number of sequential measurements that the BPS uses for position determination. The integration results in smoothing of the output measure- ment value. An <i>integration depth</i> of 8 (position determination with 8 measurement values) results in a response time of 8 ms.	Factory setting: 8
Update rate	The update rate (50 µs to 2 ms) of the measurement values at the SSI interface can be configured via the webConfig tool; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function".	Factory setting: 2 ms
Error delay time	Errors that occur are suppressed for the configured time. If no valid position or speed value can be ascertained in the configured <i>error delay time</i> , the last valid value is always output. If the error persists after the <i>error delay time</i> elapses, the value of the <i>Position/Speed value in case of error</i> parame- ter is then output (standard).	Factory setting: 50 ms

#### 4.4 Leuze webConfig tool

The webConfig configuration tool offers a graphical user interface for the display of process data, configuration and diagnostics of the BPS via a PC; see chapter 9 "Leuze electronic webConfig tool – Extended configuration".

#### 4.5 Evaluation of the reading quality

The BPS can signal the reading quality of the BPS. The reading quality is displayed in % values. The parameters for the evaluation of the reading quality are set via the webConfig tool: **CONFIGURATION > DATA PROCESSING > Reading quality**; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function".

- O The values of the reading quality are displayed via the optional display (*Quality*), the serial com-
- munication protocol and via the webConfig tool; see chapter 9.3.3 "ALIGNMENT function".

The evaluation of the reading quality provides the following information, e.g.:

- The reading quality is constantly bad: Soiling of the BPS optics
- The reading quality is always bad at certain position values: Soiling of the BCB

#### 4.6 Distance measurement to the bar code tape

Within the reading field, the BPS can output the current distance from the read head to the BCB. The distance from the position label closest to the reference point is output.

The distance measurement value is output via:

• The *ALIGNMENT* function (*Quality* menu) in the webConfig tool (see chapter 9.3.3); this function is only available in the *Service* operating mode.

#### 5 Applications

Wherever systems are moved automatically, it is necessary to uniquely determine their respective positions. In addition to mechanical measuring sensors, optical methods are particularly well suited for position determination as they can be used to determine position without mechanical wear and slippage. Compared to common optical measurement techniques, the Leuze electronic Bar code Positioning System (BPS) is able to measure a position with absolute sub-millimeter accuracy, i.e. independent of reference points. As a result, it is able to provide a unique position value at any time. With the highly flexible and hard-wearing Bar Code Tape (BCB), the system can even be used without problem in systems with curves or guide tolerances. And this at lengths of up to 10,000 meters.

The product family of Leuze electronic bar code positioning systems convinces with a variety of advantages:

- The laser simultaneously scans three bar codes and, as a result, is able to determine the position with sub-millimeter accuracy. The wide reading field makes accurate position determination possible even in the event of minor damage to the tape.
- With the systems' flexible depth of field, it is also possible to bridge over mechanical deviations.
- Due to the large reading distance combined with the great depth of field, a large opening angle and a very compact construction, the device is ideally suited for the conveyor and storage technology market.
- The BPS devices are capable of simultaneously measuring position and speed and are thus also suitable for control tasks in your automation applications.
- Using a mounting device, the BPS can be mounted with millimeter accuracy with just one screw. If mounted using a mounting device, a new device is automatically aligned correctly should it be necessary to exchange a device (easy-mount).
- The unique labeling of the bar code tape allows the system to be put back into operation without problem even after a brief voltage drop without, e.g., needing to utilize a reference point.
- The Leuze electronic bar code tape is very robust, highly flexible and, thanks to the self-adhesive back, can be easily integrated into your overall mechanical system. It can be fit optimally to both vertical as well as horizontal curved paths and thereby reliably facilitates trouble-free and reproducible measurement at any point in your system with sub-millimeter accuracy.

Typical applications for the BPS include:

- High-bay storage device (see chapter 5.1)
- Telpher line (see chapter 5.2)
- Gantry cranes (see chapter 5.3)

## 5.1 High-bay storage device



Figure 5.1: High-bay storage device

- ${\ensuremath{\,\textcircled{\tiny \ensuremath{\,\Downarrow}}}}$  Simultaneous position and speed measurement for regulation tasks
- Precise positioning with a reproducibility of  $\pm$  0.15 mm
- ♦ Control at high traverse rates of up to 10 m/s

## 5.2 Telpher line



Figure 5.2: Telpher line

- ✤ The working range from 50 170 mm allows for flexible mounting positions and reliable position detection at varying distances
- ♦ Control codes for changing to different position values at switches

## 5.3 Gantry cranes

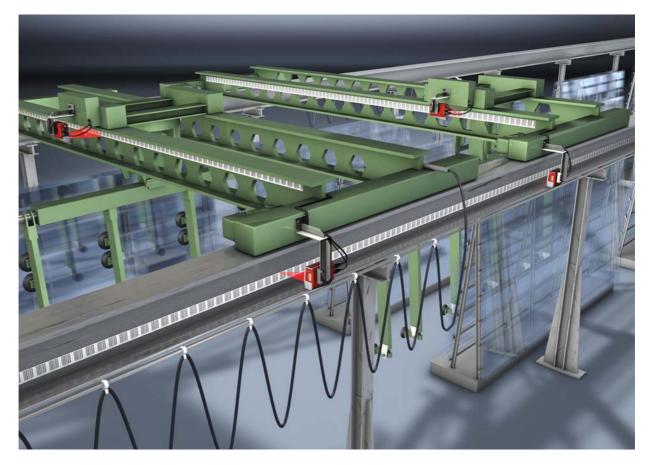


Figure 5.3: Gantry cranes

- ♥ Positioning from 0 to 10,000 meters
- ♦ Scratch- and smudge-proof, UV-resistant bar code tapes
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$  Synchronous positioning with twin tapes on both rails
- ✤ Mounting device for fast, precise mounting with one screw

#### 6 Mounting and installation

#### 6.1 Mounting bar code tape

#### 6.1.1 Installation and application remarks

#### NOTICE BCB mounting

When processing BCBs, observe the specified processing temperatures.

When processing BCBs in cold storage facilities, the BCB must be affixed before cooling the storage facility.

However, if it should be necessary to affix the BCB at temperatures outside of the specified processing temperature, assure that the bonding surface as well as the BCB are at the processing temperature.

 $\clubsuit$  Avoid dirt deposits on the BCB.

If possible, affix the BCB vertically.

If possible, affix the BCB below an overhead covering.

The BCB must never be continuously cleaned by on-board cleaning devices such as brushes or sponges. Permanent on-board cleaning devices polish the BCB and give it a glossy finish. The reading quality deteriorates as a result.

After affixing the BCBs, make certain that there are no polished, high-gloss surfaces in the scanning beam (e.g., glossy metal at gaps between the individual BCBs), as the measurement quality of the BPS may be impaired.

Affix the BCBs to a diffusely reflective support, e.g., a painted surface.

♦ Avoid sources of extraneous light and reflections on the BCB.

Ensure that neither strong sources of extraneous light nor reflections of the support on which the BCB is affixed occur in the vicinity of the BPS scanning beam.

♦ Affix the BCB over expansion joints up to a width of several millimeters.

The BCB must not be interrupted at this location.

- ⇔ Cover protruding screw heads with the BCB.
- ♦ Ensure that the BCB is affixed without tension.

The BCB is a plastic tape that can be stretched by strong mechanical tension. Excessive mechanical stretching results in lengthening of the tape and distortion of the position values.

#### NOTICE

#### BCB application

♦ Make certain that the BCB is located in the scanning beam of the BPS over the entire traversing path.

The BPS can determine the position on BCBs with arbitrary orientation.

bar code tapes with different value ranges may not directly follow one another.

In the case of different value ranges, a gap of at least 1 m must be maintained between the last position bar code of the preceding BCB and the first position bar code of the subsequent BCB (see chapter 3.4.2).

- For MVS/MV0 control bar codes (see chapter 3.4.2), the minimum distance of 1 m between the last position bar code before the control bar code and the first position bar code after the control bar code must be maintained.
- ✤ For bar code tapes with different value ranges, both BCBs must correspond to the BCB type configured in the BPS (see chapter 3.4.1).

Avoid position bar code labels with the value 00000.

Measurements to the left of the center of a *00000* label produce negative position values that may not be displayed correctly.

#### 6.1.2 Cutting bar code tapes

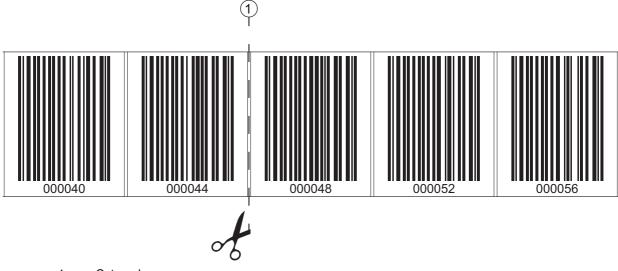
#### NOTICE

#### Avoid cutting BCB!

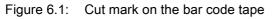
 $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol{\forall}}$  If possible, avoid cutting bar code tapes.

- Optimum position value determination by the BPS is achieved with continuously affixed BCB.
- ✤ If there are mechanical gaps, first affix the BCB continuously. Then cut the BCB.

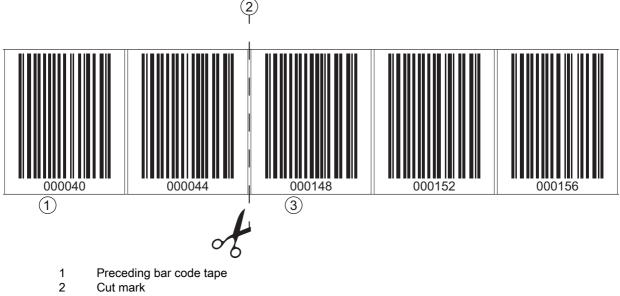
The BCB is cut at the indicated cut marks; see figure 6.1.



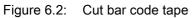
1 Cut mark



If another BCB is to be affixed directly after the preceding BCB, the subsequent bar code value must differ from the preceding BCB by at least 1 m; see figure 6.2.



3 Subsequent bar code tape, value range + 1 m



If there is a gap without tape after the preceding BCB, it must be at least 300 mm wide before the subsequent BCB is affixed; see figure 6.3. The first bar code value of the subsequent BCB must differ by at least 20 (200 mm) from the last bar code value of the preceding BCB.

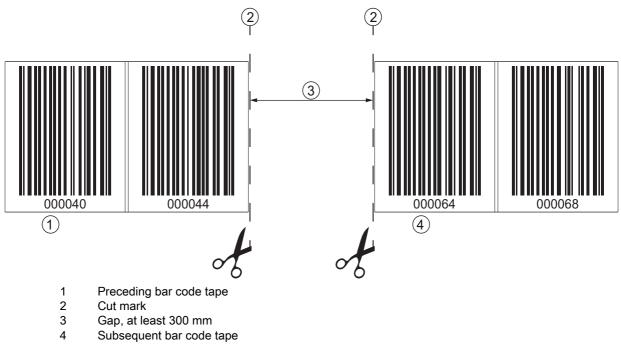


Figure 6.3: Gap in cut bar code tape to avoid double positions

#### NOTICE

#### No glossy gaps in the cut bar code tape!

b Ensure that there are matt, bright surfaces behind the gaps in the BCB.

Polished, reflective, and high-gloss surfaces in the scanning beam may impair the measurement quality of the BPS.

#### 6.1.3 Mounting the BCB

Mount the BCB as follows:

- ♦ Check the surface.
- It must be flat, free of grease and dust, and be dry.
- befine a reference edge (e.g., metal edge of the busbar).
- BRemove the backing and affix the BCB along the reference edge tension free.
- Secure the bar code tape to the mounting surface by pressing down with the palm of your hand. When affixing, make certain that the BCB is free of folds and creases and that no air pockets form.

#### NOTICE

#### When mounting, do not pull on the BCB!

The BCB is a plastic tape that can be stretched by strong mechanical tension. The stretching results in lengthening of the tape and distortion of the position values on the BCB.

While the BPS can still perform the position calculation in the event of distortions, the absolute measurement accuracy is no longer ensured in this case. If the values are taught using a teach-in process, stretching of the BCB is irrelevant.

○ If a bar code tape was damaged, e.g., by falling parts, you can download a repair kit for the BCB
 from the Internet (see chapter 11.2.2 "BCB repair with repair kit").

Use the bar code tape created with the repair kit only temporarily as an emergency solution.

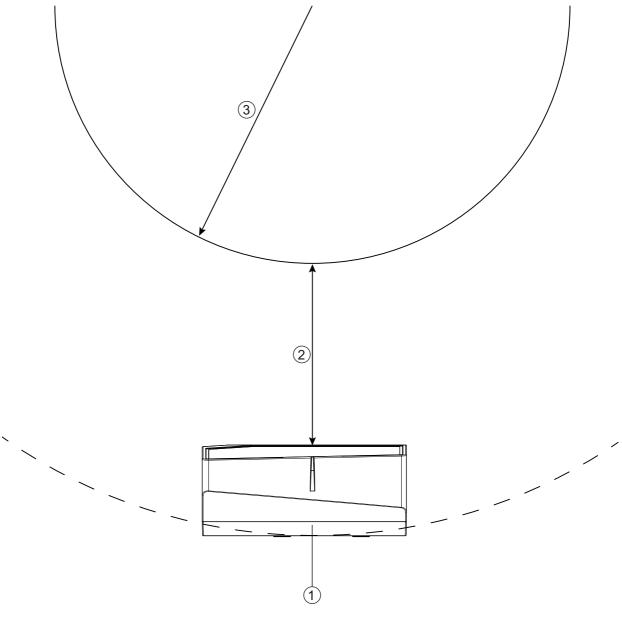
#### BCB mounting in horizontal curves

#### NOTICE

Limited absolute measurement accuracy and reproducibility!

BCB mounting in curves decreases the absolute measurement accuracy of the BPS, since the distance between two bar codes is no longer exactly 40 mm or 30 mm.

b For horizontal curves, maintain a minimum bending radius of 300 mm (see figure 6.4).



- 1 BPS
- 2 Reading distance
- 3 Radius of the bar code tape,  $R_{min}$  = 300 mm

Figure 6.4: Mounting the bar code tape for use in horizontal curves

#### BCB mounting in vertical curves

#### NOTICE

#### Limited absolute measurement accuracy and reproducibility!

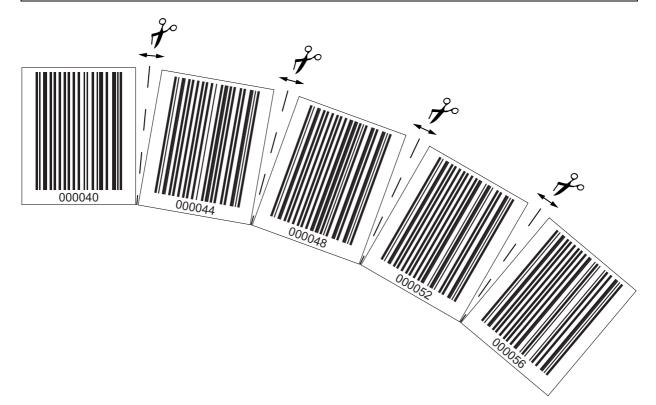
- BCB mounting in curves decreases the absolute measurement accuracy of the BPS, since the distance between two bar codes is no longer exactly 40 mm or 30 mm.
- In areas where the BCB is fanned out around curves, limitations of the reproducibility must be expected.

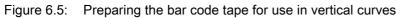
- ♦ Only partially cut the BCB at the cut mark.
- Affix the BCB along the curve like a fan (see figure 6.5).
- b Ensure that the BCB is affixed without mechanical tension.

# NOTICE

# No glossy gaps in the bar code tape!

- b Ensure that there are matt, bright surfaces behind the fanning in the BCB curves.
- Polished, reflective, and high-gloss surfaces in the scanning beam may impair the measurement quality of the BPS.

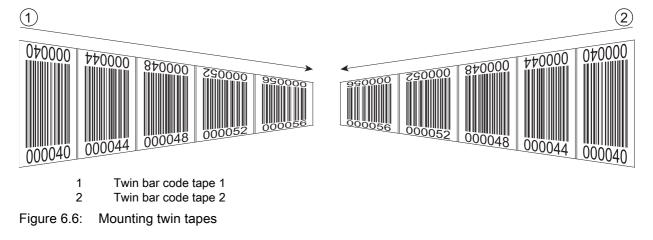




#### Mounting twin tapes

If two bar code tapes with the same value range are used for positioning, e.g., for crane systems or elevators, the use of twin tapes is recommended (see chapter 3.4.4 "Twin tapes").

"Upside down" in order to have the same values at the same position (see figure 6.6).



#### NOTICE

#### A twin tape always consists of two bar code tapes.

- b When ordering twin tapes, two bar code tapes are always included with an order.
- ♦ Ensure that the BCB is affixed without tension.

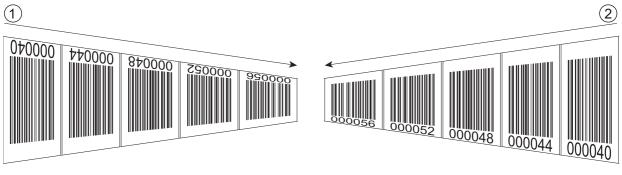
The BCB is a plastic tape that can be stretched by strong mechanical tension. Excessive mechanical stretching results in lengthening of the tape and distortion of the position values.

#### Mounting two bar code tapes with the same value range

For crane systems or elevators, two bar code tapes with the same value range are used for positioning.

If two bar code tapes with the same value range are needed, the use of twin tapes is recommended (see chapter 3.4.4 "Twin tapes").

If a twin tape is not used: To have the same values at the same position, one bar code tape must be affixed with numbers upside down while the other is affixed normally (see figure 6.7).



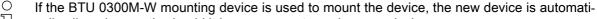
- 1 BCB affixed upside down
- 2 BCB affixed normally

Figure 6.7: Affixing two bar code tapes with the same value range

# 6.2 Bar code positioning system

The BPS can be mounted in the following ways:

- Mounting using a mounting device on the fastening grooves
  - BTU 0300M-W: Wall mounting
  - BT 56: Mounting on a rod
- · Mounting using a mounting device on the M4 mounting threads on the rear of the device
  - BT 300 W: Mounting on a mounting bracket
  - BT 300-1: Mounting on a rod
- · Mounting using four M4 mounting threads on the rear of the device



cally aligned correctly should it be necessary to exchange a device.

#### 6.2.1 Mounting instructions

# NOTICE Select the mounting location.

- Solution with the required environmental conditions (humidity, temperature) are maintained.
- b Make certain that the distance between BPS and bar code tape is sufficiently large.

The scanning beam of the BPS should cover three or more bar codes.

The distance between BPS and bar code tape must be in the working range of the reading field curve.

- Make certain that the exit window does not become soiled, e.g., by leaking liquids, abrasion from cardboard packaging or residues from packaging material.
- Mounting the BPS outdoors or with BPS with integrated heating:
   Mount the BPS in a way which provides maximum thermal isolation, e.g., using rubber-bonded metal.

Mount the BPS so that it is protected from airflow, e.g., in a protective housing.

 $\$  Mounting the BPS in a protective housing:

When installing the BPS in a protective housing, ensure that the scanning beam can exit the protective housing without obstruction.

- Make certain that the scanning range determined from the scanning curve is adhered to at all locations where a position determination is to be made.
- b Ensure that the scanning beam is always incident on the BCB when the system is moving.
  - For the position calculation, the scanning beam of the BPS must be incident on the BCB without interruption.

For the best functionality, the BPS must be guided parallel to the BCB. It is not permitted to move outside of the approved working range of the BPS (50 ... 170 mm) while the system is in motion.

b Make certain that there is only one control bar code (or marker label) in the scanning beam at a time.

The minimum distance between two control bar codes is determined by the distance between the BPS and bar code tape and the resulting length of the scanning beam.

#### NOTICE

#### For parallel mounting, maintain the minimum distance!

b Maintain the minimum distance of 300 mm if you mount two BPS next to or above one another.

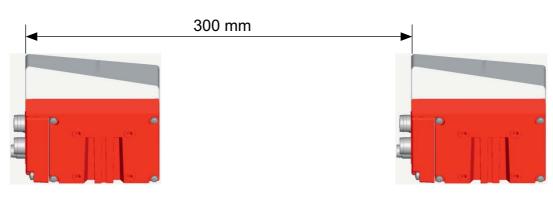


Figure 6.8: Minimum distance for parallel mounting

# NOTICE

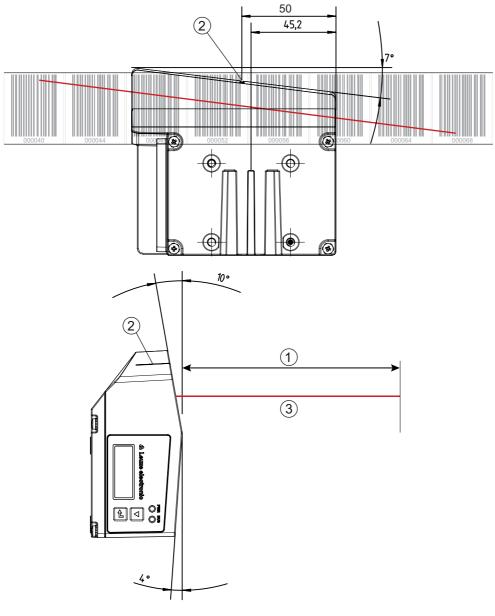
# Install the connection hood before mounting the BPS!

♦ Screw connection hood MS 307, MK 307 or KB 307 to the device housing with two M4 screws.

✤ Tighten the screws on the connection hood with a tightening torque of 1.4 Nm.

# 6.2.2 Orientation of the BPS to the bar code tape

The beam of the BPS must be oriented at an incline of 7° to the bar code tape (see figure 6.9). When positioning, make certain that the angle of radiation to the rear side of the housing is 90° and the reading distance to the bar code tape is maintained.

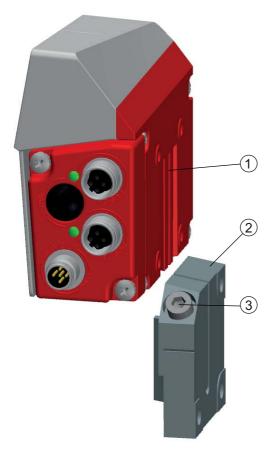


- 1 Reading distance
- 2 Reference point for the bar code position
- 3 Scanning beam

Figure 6.9: Beam exit

# 6.2.3 Mounting with the BTU 0300M-W mounting device

Mounting the BPS with a BTU 0300M-W mounting device is intended for wall mounting. For ordering information see chapter 14; for dimensioned drawing see figure 13.9.



- 1 Clamp profile
- 2 Clamping jaws
- 3 Screw terminal

Figure 6.10: Mounting the BPS with the BTU 0300M-W mounting device

- ✤ Mount the BTU 0300M-W on the system side with M6 fastening screws (not included in delivery contents).
- Wount the BPS with the dovetail fastening grooves on the clamping jaws of the BTU 0300M-W with limit stop at end.
- ♦ Secure the BPS with the M6 screw terminal.

Maximum tightening torque for the M6 screw terminal: 8 Nm

#### 6.2.4 Mounting with the BT 300 W mounting bracket

Mounting of the BPS with a BT 300 W mounting bracket is intended for wall mounting. For ordering information see chapter 14; for dimensioned drawing see figure 13.10.

- Mount the BT 0300 W mounting bracket on the system side with M6 fastening screws (included in delivery contents).
- ✤ Mount the BPS on the mounting bracket with M4 fastening screws (included in delivery contents). Maximum tightening torque of the M4 fastening screws: 2 Nm

#### 6.2.5 Mounting with BT 56 mounting device

Mounting of the BPS with a BT 56 mounting device is intended for rod mounting. For ordering information see chapter 14; for dimensioned drawing see figure 13.11.

♦ Mount the BT 56 on the rod with the clamp profile (system-side).

- b Mount the BPS with its fastening grooves on the clamping jaws of the BT 56 with limit stop at end.
- ♦ Secure the BPS with the M6 screw terminal.

Maximum tightening torque for the M6 screw terminal: 8 Nm

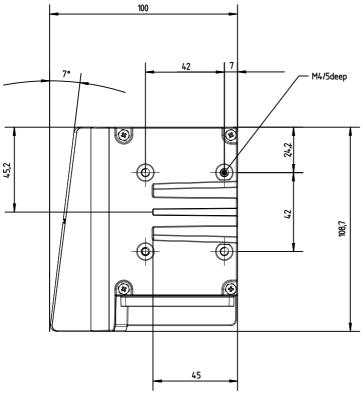
# 6.2.6 Mounting with BT 300-1 mounting device

Mounting of the BPS with a BT 300-1 mounting device is intended for rod mounting. For ordering information see chapter 14; for dimensioned drawing see figure 13.12.

- b Mount the BT 300-1 mounting device with the clamp profile on the rod (system-side).
- Wount the BPS on the mounting bracket of the BT 300-1 with M4 fastening screws (included in delivery contents).

Maximum tightening torque of the M4 fastening screws: 2 Nm

#### 6.2.7 Mounting with M4 fastening screws



all dimensions in mm

Figure 6.11: Dimensioned drawing of rear of BPS

Mount the BPS on the system with M4 fastening screws (not included in delivery contents). Maximum tightening torque of the fastening screws: 2 Nm

# 7 Electrical connection

# 

# Safety notices!

- Before connecting the device, be sure that the supply voltage agrees with the value printed on the name plate.
- b Only allow competent persons to perform the electrical connection.
- b Ensure that the functional earth (FE) is connected correctly.
- Fault-free operation is only guaranteed if the functional earth is connected properly.
- If faults cannot be rectified, take the device out of operation. Protect the device from accidentally being started.

# 

# UL applications!

✤ For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).

# NOTICE

# Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV)

The BPS is designed in accordance with protection class III for supply with PELV (protective extra-low voltage).

# NOTICE

#### Connection hood and degree of protection IP 65

before connecting, mount the connection hood on the BPS device housing.

- To ensure degree of protection IP 65 is fulfilled, the screws of the connection hood are tightened with a tightening torque of 1.4 Nm for connecting to the BPS.
- Degree of protection IP 65 is not fulfilled until connectors or cable bushings are screwed on and caps are installed.

 For all connections (connection cable, interconnection cable, etc.), use only the cables listed in the accessories (see chapter 14).

# 7.1 External parameter memory in the connection hood

To enable simple exchange of the BPS, the integrated parameter memory of the MS 307 and MK 307 connection hoods store a copy of the current parameter set.

Also located in the MS 307 and MK 307 are switches S1 and S2.

- Slide switch S1 is used to toggle the encoding of the output measurement value between *Gray* and *binary*.
- Rotary switch S2 is used to set the resolution of the position value (in mm) or a speed monitoring function.

# NOTICE

#### No parameter memory and no configuration switches in connection hood KB 307!

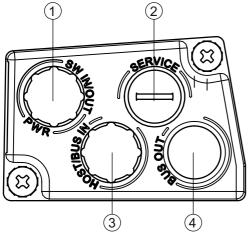
♦ No parameter memory is integrated in connection hood KB 307.

b Connection hood KB 307 does not include any switches for configuring the BPS.

# 7.2 MS 307 connection hood with connectors

The MS 307 connection hood features two M12 connector plugs and a Mini-B type USB socket as a service interface.

The integrated parameter memory for the simple replacement of the BPS is located in the MS 307.



- 1 PWR / SW IN/OUT: M12 plug (A-coded)
- 2 SERVICE: Mini-B USB socket (behind protective cap)
- 3 HOST / BUS IN: M12 plug (B-coded), SSI
- 4 BUS OUT: not equipped

# NOTICE

#### Shielding connection and functional earth connection!

b The shielding connection is done via the M12 connector housing.

Ensure that the functional earth (FE) is connected correctly. Unimpaired operation is only guaranteed when the functional earth is connected properly. All electrical disturbances (EMC couplings) are discharged via the functional earth connection.

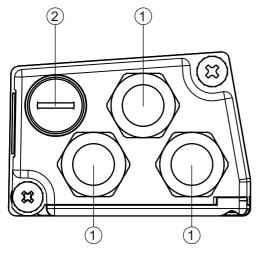
Sconnect connection PWR / SW IN/OUT to the supply voltage or the switching inputs/outputs.

Sconnect connection SSI (HOST / BUS IN) to your SSI interface.

# 7.3 MK 307 connection hood with spring-cage terminals

With the MK 307 connection hood, the BPS is connected directly and with no additional plug.

- The MK 307 features cable bushings in which the shielding connection for the interface cable is also located.
- The integrated parameter memory for the simple replacement of the BPS is located in the MK 307.
- A Mini-B type USB socket is used for service purposes.



1 3x cable bushing, M16 x 1.5

2 SERVICE: Mini-B USB socket (behind protective cap)

Figure 7.2: Connection hood MK 307, connections

# NOTICE

# Cable fabrication!

by We recommend against using wire-end sleeves.

#### NOTICE

# Functional earth connection!

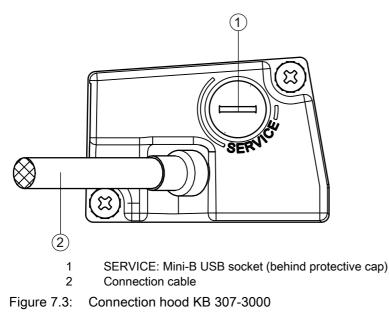
Ensure that the functional earth (FE) is connected correctly. Unimpaired operation is only guaranteed when the functional earth is connected properly. All electrical disturbances (EMC couplings) are discharged via the functional earth connection.

 $\$  Connect connection PWR / SW IN/OUT to the supply voltage or the switching inputs/outputs.

♦ Connect connection SSI (HOST / BUS IN) to your SSI interface.

# 7.4 KB 307 connection hood with cable

Connection hood KB 307 features an SSI connection cable and a Mini-B type USB socket as service interface.



# NOTICE

# No integrated parameter memory!

 ${\ensuremath{\,\textcircled{\sc b}}}$  No parameter memory is integrated in connection hood KB 307.

♥ Remove the system plug (JST) at the end of the cable.

 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$  Connect the connection cable to your SSI interface.

# 7.5 Pin assignment

# 7.5.1 PWR / SW IN/OUT (Power and switching input/output)

5-pin, M12 plug (A-coded) or terminal block for connecting to PWR / SW IN/OUT.

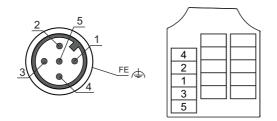


Figure 7.4: PWR / SW IN/OUT connection

Table 7.1:	PWR / SW IN/OUT pin assignment
------------	--------------------------------

Pin/terminal	Designation	Assignment			
1	VIN	+18 +30 VDC supply voltage			
2	SWIO1	Sw. input/output 1 (configurable)			
3	GNDIN	Negative supply voltage (0 VDC)			
4	SWIO2	Sw. input/output 2 (configurable)			
5	FE	Functional earth			
Thread (M12 plug) Cable gland	Functional earth	Connection cable shield. The shield of the connection cable is on the thread of the M12 plug or on the screw fitting of the cable bush- ing. The thread or the screw fitting is part of the metallic housing. The housing is at the potential of the func- tional earth via pin 5.			

Connection cables: see table 14.3

UL applications!
For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).

#### Switching input/output

The BPS is equipped with two, freely programmable, optically decoupled switching inputs/outputs, SWIO1 and SWIO2.

- The switching inputs can be used to activate various internal functions of the BPS (e.g., Measurement Stop/Start, Teach Preset, Reset Preset).
- The switching outputs can be used to signal the state of the BPS and to implement external functions independent of the superior control (e.g. position value/speed value invalid, position and speed limit value exceeded, device error).
- The control can use switching inputs/outputs as digital I/Os. If no internal BPS function is connected to the switching inputs/outputs, the ports can be addressed as two inputs, two outputs or as one input and one output of a digital I/O component.

The function as input or output is set via the webConfig configuration tool (CONFIGURATION > DEVICE > Switching inputs/outputs, see chapter 9.3.2).

#### NOTICE

#### Maximum input current

b The input current of the respective switching input is maximum 8 mA.

#### NOTICE

#### Maximum loading of the switching outputs

- Do not load the respective switching output of the BPS with more than 60 mA at + 18 ... 30 VDC in normal operation.
- ♥ Each configured switching output is short-circuit proof.
  - $_{
    m O}$  The two switching inputs/outputs, SWIO1 and SWIO2, are configured as follows by default:

Switching output SWIO1: Position value invalid

Switching input SWIO2: Teach Preset

#### NOTICE

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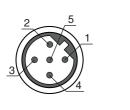
#### SWIO1 and SWIO2 as switching output

At the outputs of the BPS (SWIO1 and SWIO2), no switching outputs may be connected from external sensors/devices.

The switching output of the BPS may otherwise malfunction.

#### 7.5.2 SSI (HOST / BUS IN)

5-pin, M12 plug (B-coded) or terminal block for connecting to an SSI interface.



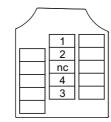


Figure 7.5: SSI connection

Pin/terminal	Designation	Assignment		
1	DATA+	+ Data line SSI (Output electrically isolated)		
2	DATA-	- Data line SSI (Output electrically isolated)		
3	CLK+	+ Clock line SSI (Input electrically isolated)		
4	CLK-	- Clock line SSI (Input electrically isolated)		
5	FE	Functional earth		
Thread (M12 plug) Cable gland	Functional earth (housing)	Connection cable shield. The shield of the connection cable is on the thread of the M12 plug or on the screw fitting of the cable bushing. The thread or the screw fitting is part of the metallic housing. The housing is at the potential of the functional earth via pin 5.		

Table 7.2:	SSI (HOST / BUS IN) pin assignment
------------	------------------------------------

# NOTICE

# Use ready-made connection cables!

If possible, use the ready-made cables from Leuze electronic; see table 14.4.

# NOTICE

# Data cables for the SSI interface!

Twisting: pin 1 with 2, pin 3 with 4

The shield must be connected at both ends.

# 7.5.3 SSI connection cable KB 307

Table 7.3: SSI connection cable KB 307

KB 307-3000	KB 307-5000 FLEX KB 307-10000 FLEX	Designation	Assignment
WH	GY	FE	Functional earth
WH-BK	WH	GNDIN	Negative supply voltage (0 VDC)
ВК	BN	VIN	+18 +30 VDC supply voltage
GY	VT	SWIO1	Sw. input/output 1 (configurable)
WH-GN	ВК	SWIO2	Sw. input/output 2 (configurable)
WH-YE	BU	CLK-	- Clock line SSI (Input electrically isolated)
WH-RD	GN	DATA-	- Data line SSI (Output electrically isolated)
YE	RD	CLK+	+ Clock line SSI (Input electrically isolated)

KB 307-3000	KB 307-5000 FLEX KB 307-10000 FLEX	Designation	Assignment
RD	YE	DATA+	+ Data line SSI (Output electrically isolated)
	РК		Not connected
VT			Reserved
WH-BN			Reserved
BN			Reserved
WH-OG			Reserved
OG			Reserved
GN			Reserved
BU			Reserved

# 7.5.4 Service USB

# NOTICE

# Connection to PC with standard USB cable!

The service USB interface of the BPS is connected to the USB interface on the PC with a standard USB cable (plug combination - Mini-B type / Type A).

5-pin, Mini-B plug for connecting to the service USB.



Figure 7.6: Service USB connection

Table 7.4: Service USB pin assignment

Pin	Designation	Assignment
1	VB	Sense input
2	D-	Data -
3	D+	Data +
4	ID	Not connected
5	GND	Ground

# NOTICE

# Use ready-made connection cables!

If possible, use the ready-made cables from Leuze electronic; see table 14.6.

#### NOTICE

#### Self-configured cables!

♦ Ensure adequate shielding.

The maximum cable length of 3 m must not be exceeded.

# 7.6 Cable lengths and shielding

Observe the maximum cable lengths and the shielding types:

Connection	Interface	Max. cable length	Shielding
BPS service	USB	3 m	Shielding absolutely necessary acc. to USB specifications
BPS power supply unit		30 m	Not necessary

# Cable length according to the data rate

NOTICE
Data cables for the SSI interface!
∜ Use only shielded and twisted-pair cables as data line for the SSI interface.
Twisting: pin 1 with 2, pin 3 with 4
The shield must be connected at both ends.
♥ Do not lay the data line parallel to power cables.

The maximum possible cable length of the SSI connection is dependent on the used cable and the data rate.

Table 7.5:SSI cable lengths according to the data rate

Data rate [kbit/s]	80	100	200	300	400	500	600	800
Maximum cable length [m]	500	400	200	100	50	25	18	15

# 8 Basic configuration

The parameters of the SSI interface as well as the switching inputs/outputs can be configured via the webConfig tool (see chapter 9) or via connection hood MS 307 or MK 307. Devices with connection hood KB 307 can only be configured via the webConfig tool.

# 8.1 Configuring the SSI interface

#### 8.1.1 Principal functionality of the SSI interface

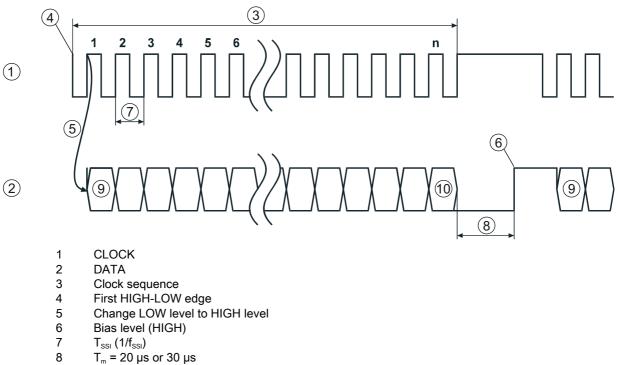
Data communication of the SSI interface is based on differential transmission as is used for RS 422 interfaces. The position value is transmitted in sync with a cycle (CLOCK) specified by the control, starting with the most significant bit (MSB); see figure 8.1.

- In the idle state, both the clock line as well as the data line are at HIGH level. On the first HIGH-LOW edge (1), the data of the internal register are stored. This ensures that the data are not changed during serial transfer of the value.
- With the subsequent change of the clock signal from LOW to HIGH level (2), transfer of the position value begins with the most significant bit (MSB).
  - With each subsequent change of the clock signal from LOW to HIGH level, the next least-significant bit is transmitted on the data line.
  - After the least significant bit (LSB) has been output, the clock signal switches from LOW to HIGH for one last time and the data line switches to LOW level (end of transmission).
- A monoflop retriggered by the clock signal determines how long before the SSI interface can be called for the next transmission. This yields the minimum pause time between two successive clock cycles  $(t_m)$

If time  $t_m$  has elapsed, the data line is reset to bias level (HIGH) (3). This signals the fully completed data exchange and renewed transmission-ready state.

- t<sub>m</sub> = 20 µs with master clock frequency 80 kHz 800 kHz
- $t_m$  = 30 µs with master clock frequency 50 kHz 79 kHz
- The update rate (50 µs to 2 ms) of the measurement values at the SSI interface can be configured via the webConfig tool. Factory setting: 2 ms.

The update rate describes how quickly the data are replaced on the SSI interface by current data. The measurement value is updated independent of the clock frequency.



- 9 MSB
- 10 LSB (0)

Figure 8.1: SSI data transmission sequence diagram

If the off-cycle of data transmission is interrupted for longer than  $t_m = 20 \ \mu s$  or  $t_m = 30 \ \mu s$ , a com-

pletely new transmission cycle starts on the next cycle.

If a new transmission cycle is started before time t<sub>m</sub> elapses, the previous value is output again.

#### NOTICE

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#### Factory setting: only positive position and speed values with SSI!

b In the factory setting, the SSI interface can only represent positive position and speed values.

If negative output values are ascertained due to the orientation of the BPS to the BCB or the counting direction, the value 0 is output at the SSI interface!

In the event of a number overflow, all data bits are set to 1.

#### Factory settings of the SSI interface parameters

- Data encoding of the measurement values: Gray
- Sign: *binary representation*
- Transmission mode: 24 measurement bits + 1 error bit
- Resolution position value: 1 mm
- Error bit: measurement error, LSB, 1 = active
- Value of the error bit: The error bit is not included in the Gray encoding of the measurement value. The error bit is 1 = active
- · Update rate: 2 ms
- SSI master clock frequency: 80 kHz 800 kHz

# 8.1.2 Setting the configuration of the SSI interface

- Set the parameters of the SSI interface via the webConfig tool or via connection hood MS 307 or MK 307.
  - Setting via the webConfig tool: CONFIGURATION > OUTPUT; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function"
  - Setting via connection hood MS 307/MK 307: see chapter 8.6 "Configuration via the switches of the connection hood"



Devices with connection hood KB 307 can only be configured via the webConfig tool.

# 8.2 Configuring the switching inputs/outputs

- Set the configuration of the switching inputs/outputs via the webConfig tool or via connection hood MS 307 or MK 307.
  - Setting via the webConfig tool: CONFIGURATION > DEVICE; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function"
  - Setting via connection hood MS 307/MK 307: see chapter 8.6 "Configuration via the switches of the connection hood"



Devices with connection hood KB 307 can only be configured via the webConfig tool.

# 8.3 Configuring the resolution for the position value

Set the parameters for the resolution during position measurement via the webConfig tool or via connection hood MS 307 or MK 307.

 Setting via the webConfig tool: CONFIGURATION > OUTPUT; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function"

• Setting via connection hood MS 307/MK 307: see chapter 8.6 "Configuration via the switches of the connection hood"



Devices with connection hood KB 307 can only be configured via the webConfig tool.

#### 8.4 Configuring speed monitoring with switching output

♦ Set the parameters for speed monitoring via the webConfig tool or via connection hood MS 307 or MK 307.

- Setting via the webConfig tool:
  - Switching output function: CONFIGURATION > DEVICE > Switching inputs/outputs; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function"
  - Speed limit values: CONFIGURATION > DATA PROCESSING > Speed > Monitoring; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function"
- Setting via connection hood MS 307/MK 307: see chapter 8.6 "Configuration via the switches of the connection hood"



Devices with connection hood KB 307 can only be configured via the webConfig tool.

# 8.5 Setting tape selection via the webConfig tool

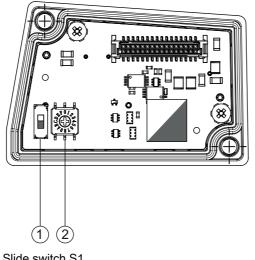
- In the webConfig tool (CONFIGURATION > MEASUREMENT DATA > Bar code tape), set the *Tape selection* parameter according to the used bar code tape grid; see chapter 9.3.2 "CONFIGURATION function".
  - 30 mm grid
  - 40 mm grid

# 8.6 Configuration via the switches of the connection hood

The following settings can be configured via the operational controls of connection hoods MS 307 and MK 307:

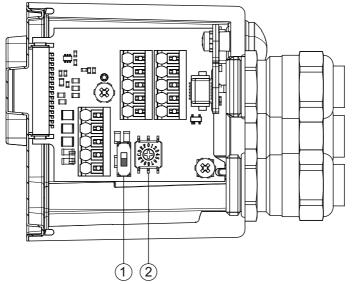
- · Resolution of the position value
- Data encoding of the measurement values: *Gray* or *binary*
- Speed monitoring via switching output (SWIO1)
- $_{
  m O}$  The settings made via the operational controls of the connection hood can alternatively be con-
- $\int$  figured via the webConfig tool; see chapter 9.3.2. To do this, rotary switch S2 must be set to switch position O.

If rotary switch S2 is set to switch position O, slide switch S1 is not evaluated.



1 Slide switch S1

- Factory setting: Gray encoding Hexadecimal rotary switch S2
  - Factory setting: *0*, i.e., configuration via the webConfig tool
- Figure 8.2: Operational controls of connection hood MS 307



- 1 Slide switch S1
- Factory setting: Gray encoding
- 2 Hexadecimal rotary switch S2

Factory setting: switch position  $\mathcal{O}$ , i.e., configuration via webConfig tool

Figure 8.3: Operational controls of connection hood MK 307

#### Slide switch S1

Change the measurement value encoding

- · S1 up: Gray encoding
- · S1 down: binary encoding

#### Rotary switch S2

NOTICE

# Hexadecimal rotary switch S2 for setting the resolution and speed monitoring!

♦ Set the resolution of the position measurement and speed monitoring via rotary switch S2.

Switch position	Position resolution [mm]	Maximum speed [m/s]	Level of the switch- ing output	Speed monitoring
0	Configuration via wel	oConfig tool		
1	0.01	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig
2	0.1	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig
3	1	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig
4	10	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig
5	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig
6	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig	webConfig

S2
S

Switch position	Position resolution [mm]	Maximum speed [m/s]	Level of the switch- ing output	Speed monitoring		
7	webConfig	0.7	HIGH     Current speed	Activated		
8	webConfig	2	Below maxi-	Activated		
9	webConfig	3	• LOW	Activated		
A	webConfig	4	Current speed Above maxi- mum speed	Activated		
F	Factory setting of the configuration parameters Notice: Switch S1 must be set to switch position Gray encoding.					
webConfia: The p	arameter value set via	the webConfig tool is	s used.			

 $\bigcirc$  All parameters that are not influenced by the position of the switch are configured via the web- $\bigcirc$  Config tool; see chapter 9.

In rotary switch positions *7*, *8*, *9* or *A*, the webConfig tool can be used, e.g., to change the resolution of the position measurement or invert the mode of the switching inputs/outputs.

# NOTICE

# Rotary switch S2 on 0 if configuring with the webConfig tool!

To configure the BPS with the webConfig tool, rotary switch S2 on connection hood MK 307 or MS 307 must be set to switch position O.

# 8.7 Setting configuration parameters to factory settings

Proceed as follows:

♦ Set slide switch S1 to switch position Gray encoding.

- $\clubsuit$  Set rotary switch S2 to switch position *F*.
- ♦ Restart the BPS.

The current parameter set of the BPS is overwritten with the parameter set containing the factory settings.

# 8.8 Key factory settings of the BPS

Table 8.2: Factory settings on delivery of the BPS

Parameter	Factory setting	Explanation	
Measurement value encoding	Gray	Data encoding of the measurement values	
Tape selection	BCB with 40 mm grid	Changeover between BCB with 30 mm grid and BCB with 40 mm grid	
Position measurement	Integration depth: 8	Number of successive measurements that the BPS uses for position determination.	
	Resolution: 1 mm	Resolution of the position value in mm	
Master clock frequency	80 kHz - 800 kHz	Request frequency of the control (master)	
Update rate	2 ms	Update rate of the measurement val- ues on the SSI interface	
SSI interface			
Transmission mode	24 measurement bits + 1 error bit		
Position resolution	1 mm	Resolution of the position value in mm	
Error bit	Measurement error LSB 1 = active	<ul> <li>Value of the error bit:</li> <li>The error bit is not included in the Gray encoding of the measurement value.</li> <li>The error bit is 1 = active</li> </ul>	
Sw. inputs/outputs			
IO1	HIGH Function: Position value invalid	Switching output - level controlled If a valid position value cannot be ascertained, the output is set	
102	HIGH Function: Preset teach	Switching input - edge-triggered Transition $0 \rightarrow 1$ : Read in preset value	

# 9 Leuze electronic webConfig tool – Extended configuration

With the Leuze electronic webConfig tool, an operating-system independent, web-technology based, graphical user interface is available for configuring the BPS.

The webConfig tool can be run on any Internet-ready PC. The webConfig tool uses HTTP as communication protocol and the client-side restriction to standard technologies (HTML, JavaScript and AJAX) that are supported by modern browsers.



The webConfig tool is offered in the following languages:

German, English, French, Italian, Spanish

# 9.1 Installing software

In order for the BPS to be automatically detected by the connected PC, the USB driver must be installed once on your PC. Administrator rights are required for driver installation.



If a USB driver for the webConfig tool is already installed on your computer, the USB driver does not need to be installed again.

#### 9.1.1 System requirements

о П Regularly update the operating system and the Internet browser.

Install the current Windows Service Packs.

Table 9.1:	webConfig system requirements
------------	-------------------------------

Operating system	Windows XP (Home Edition, Professional) Windows Vista Windows 7 Windows 8
Computer	PC with USB interface version 1.1 or higher
Graphics card	Min. 1024 x 768 pixels or higher resolution
Required disk space for USB driver	10 MB
Internet browser	Internet Explorer version 8.0 or higher Firefox version 4.0 or higher

#### 9.1.2 Install USB driver

♦ Start your PC with administrator privileges and log on.

bownload the setup program from the Internet:

# www.leuze.com > Products > Measuring Sensors > Sensors for Positioning > BPS 300i > (Name of the BPS) > Tab Downloads > Software/driver.

♦ Start the setup program and follow the instructions.



Alternatively, you can manually install the LEO\_RNDIS.inf USB driver.

Contact your network administrator if the installation fails.

# 9.2 Start webConfig tool

Prerequisite: The Leuze electronic USB driver for the webConfig tool is installed on the PC.

♦ Connect the operating voltage to the BPS.

Sconnect the SERVICE USB interface of the BPS to the PC.

The connection to the SERVICE USB interface of the BPS is established via the PC-side USB interface.

Use a standard USB cable with one Type A plug and one Mini-B type plug.

Start the webConfig tool using your PC's Internet browser with IP address 192.168.61.100

This is the default Leuze electronic service address for communication with bar code positioning systems of the BPS 300i series.

The webConfig start page appears on your PC.



Changing the operating mode (Process - Service) (upper left)

Figure 9.1: The start page of the webConfig tool

The user interface of the webConfig tool is largely self-explanatory.

The webConfig tool is completely contained in the firmware of the BPS. The set of the transformation  $\nabla$  is the

The pages and functions of the webConfig tool may appear and be displayed differently depending on the firmware version.

#### Clear browser history

1

The cache of the Internet browser must be deleted if different device types or devices with different firmware have been connected to the webConfig tool.

Delete cookies and temporary Internet and website data from browser history before starting the webConfig tool.

Example for Internet Explorer 10:

Settings > Security > Browser History > [Delete]

#### Note limit of Firefox sessions for version 17.0 and higher

If the limited number of Firefox sessions is exceeded, it may no longer be possible to address the BPS via the webConfig tool.

Do **not** use the refresh functions of the Internet browser:

[Shift] [F5] or [Shift] + mouse click

# 9.3 Short description of the webConfig tool

# 9.3.1 Overview

#### **Operating modes**

For configurations with the webConfig tool, you can switch between the following operating modes:

• Process

The BPS is connected to the control.

- The process communication to the control is activated.
- The switching inputs/outputs are activated.
- The configuration cannot be changed.
- PROCESS function available.
- *ALIGNMENT* function not available.
- Service
  - The process communication to the control is interrupted.
  - The switching inputs/outputs are deactivated.
  - The configuration can be changed.
  - PROCESS function not available.
  - ALIGNMENT function available.

# Functions

In the *Process* operating mode, the webConfig tool has the following main menus and functions:

• HOME

Information on the connected BPS as well as on installation.

This information corresponds to the information in the current technical description.

- CONFIGURATION (see chapter 9.3.2)
  - Information on the current BPS configuration no change to the configuration:
  - · Display of the interface parameters
  - Display of the output modules (value formatting)
  - Selection of the used bar code tape (30 mm grid or 40 mm grid)
  - Display of the tape value correction (deviation of the BCB from scaling)
  - Display of the device components (switching inputs/outputs, display)
  - Data processing (position/speed detection or monitoring, data preparation)
  - · Display of the warning threshold and the error threshold for the reading quality
- PROCESS

Check and save the current read data in process mode (see chapter 9.3.4).

• Tabular display of the following values: Scan number, position, speed, reading quality, distance from BCB, info on the control label

In the *Service* operating mode, the webConfig tool also has the following main menus and functions:

- CONFIGURATION (see chapter 9.3.2)
  - · Configuration of the interface parameters
  - Configuration of the output modules (value formatting)
  - Configuration of device components (switching inputs/outputs, display)
  - Selection of the used bar code tape
  - Configuration of the data processing (position/speed detection or monitoring, data preparation)
  - · Configuration of the warning threshold and the error threshold for the reading quality
- ALIGNMENT (see chapter 9.3.3)
  - Display of the following values: Scan number, position, speed, quality, distance, number of labels in the scanning beam
    Graphical displays of the following values:
  - Graphical displays of the followin Position, speed, quality
- *DIAGNOSTICS* (see chapter 9.3.5)
  - Event logging of warnings and errors.
- MAINTENANCE (see chapter 9.3.6)

- Firmware update
- · User management
- Backup/Restore

#### 9.3.2 CONFIGURATION function

#### NOTICE

#### Rotary switch S2 of MS 307 or MK 307 to 0 if configuring with the webConfig tool!

✤ To configure with the webConfig tool, set rotary switch S2 on connection hood MS 307 or MK 307 to switch position *O*, see chapter 8.1.

# NOTICE

# Configuration changes only in the Service operating mode!

Changes made using the CONFIGURATION function can only be performed in the Service operating mode.

# Overview of the webConfig configuration functions

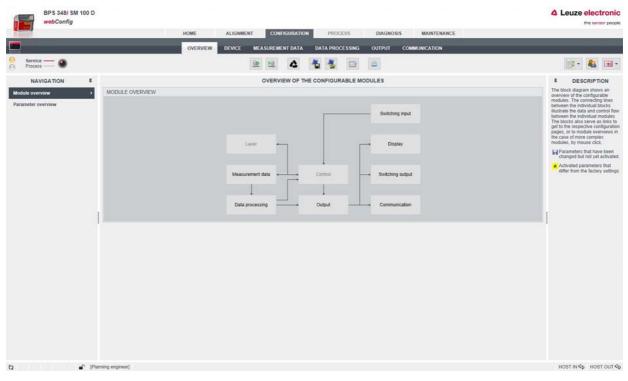


Figure 9.2: CONFIGURATION webConfig function

#### Configuration of the SSI interface (OUTPUT tab)

The SSI parameters and the formatting of the SSI host interface are configured via the *OUTPUT* > *HOST formatting* function.

webConfig					the sensor peo
	HOME AL	GNMENT CONFIGURATION		AGNOSIS MAINTENANCE	
Service —  Process —	OVERVIEW DEV				
NAVIGATION #		DATA FORMATTING FOR OU		ACE	# DESCRIPTION
utput	SSI PARAMETER				The output format for the host
reparations	Data encoding	Gray encoding 🗸	Negative data	Transmit zero 🗸	interface is defined by draggin the desired function element fr the pool on the left side to the
OST formatting	Position value	24 ABit	Sign	Binary representation V	desired message section on th right side.
	Velocity value	16 + Bit			The sequence of the elements the right side can also be char
					by means of drag & drop.
	Output module	SSI formatting MSB	Data bits: 25	LSB	
	Position value	rt ∕ f		and the	
	Status: Position value	24 1 0			
	Status: Upper position limit value 1	Bit index			
	Status: Lower position				
	2 Status: Upper position limit value 2				
	2 Status: Lower position limit value 2				· ·
	Velocity				
	Status: Velocity invalid				
	Status: Velocity limit				
	value 1				

Figure 9.3: webConfig function *OUTPUT* > *HOST formatting* 

SSI parameters

Data encoding

Toggling the measurement value encoding: Gray or binary

For devices with connection hood MK 307 or MS 307, the measurement value encoding set here is overwritten on device startup with the measurement value encoding set via slide switch S1; see chapter 8.6.

- Position value
   Number of data bits position value
- Speed value
   Number of data bits speed value
- Sign

If changed to sign with magnitude, the BPS can also transmit negative position and speed values.

#### Formatting data output on the SSI interface

To format the data output, the symbols of the configured output modules are arranged in the desired order in the *SSI formatting* area.

Select the required output module in the *Output modules* area.

Click the symbol for the output module with the left mouse button and keep the mouse button pressed down.

- Drag the symbol for the output module into the white field in the SSI formatting area and release the mouse button ("drag and drop").
- Use "drag and drop" to drag the symbols for all required output modules into the *SSI formatting* area.
- Arrange the symbols for the output modules in the *SSI formatting* area with the left mouse button in the sequence required for the data output.
- $\ensuremath{{\,\textcircled{b}\,}}$  Save the SSI formatting in the device.
  - Click the 🧕 symbol.

#### NOTICE

#### Set data bits in the SSI master!

b Set the configured number of data bits in the SSI master.

Outp	ut module		SSI formatting		
ACT	Position value	~	MSB <sup>4</sup> T → <sup>4</sup> T ×	Data bits: 25	LSI
<b>**</b>	Status: Position value invalid		24 1 0		
	Status: Upper position limit value 1		Bit index		
	Status: Lower position limit value 1				
2	Status: Upper position limit value 2				
2	Status: Lower position limit value 2				
	Velocity				
Ø,	Status: Velocity invalid				
	Status: Velocity limit value 1	~			

Figure 9.4: Data output on the SSI interface

The webConfig tool can be used to output the following data modules via the SSI interface:

- Position value Current position of the BPS.
- Status: Position value invalid Signals that no valid position value can be ascertained.
- Status: Upper/lower position limit value 1/2 Signals a value above/below the position limit.
- Speed
  Current speed of the BPS
- Status: Speed invalid Signals that no valid speed can be ascertained.
- Status: speed limit value 1-4 Signals that speed limit value 1-4 has been exceeded or has not been met.
- Direction of movement Signals the direction of movement of the BPS.
- Tape direction Signals the orientation of the BPS to the BCB (0° or 180°).
- Status IO1, IO2 The status of the switching input/output is output.

#### Configuration of the switching inputs/outputs (DEVICE tab)

- · I/O mode: switching input or switching output
- Output function
- Input function
- Timing functions
  - · Signal delay
  - Pulse duration
  - Switch-on/switch-off delay
  - Debounce time
  - Inversion yes/no

#### Configuring switching outputs

Select the function symbol for activation of the switching output in the *Functions* area.

b Use the left mouse button to drag the function symbol into the Activation window.

- b Configure the timing; see chapter "Timing functions of the switching inputs/outputs".
- - Click the 🔌 symbol.

BPS 307/ SM 1 webConfig	00					Leuze electronic the sensor people
install in	HOME ALIGNM	ENT CONFIGURATION	PROCESS DI	AGNOSIS MAINTEN	ANCE	
	OVERVIEW DEVICE	MEASUREMENT DATA D	ATA PROCESSING OUT	PUT COMMUNICATION		
Service — O		12 <u>12</u> 4 4				📑 • 🏭 📧 •
NAVIGATION #		OVERVIEW OF THE SWITCHI	NG INPUTS AND OUTPU	rs		T DESCRIPTION
Sw. inputs/outputs	SW. INPUTS/OUTPUTS				~	Digital I/Os:
Display	I/O I/O Function	Signal delay	Pulse Switch-on duration delay	Switch-off Debounce delay time	Inverted	The mode of operation of the two digital inputs/outputs is set here.
	1 Output Invalid position	17.	0 0	a 15		The output is activated by variou events in the device. If used as a
	2 Input Teach preset		0 0	0 5	0	input, a device function is controlled by an external signal.
	Functions       1     Position limit 1       2     Position limit 2       Image: Specific stress of the stress	Activation	Switch-on delay 0 + [ms] - [++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	□ Inve 8 0 1 	7 ~	
	Invalid velocity           Quality warning threshold           Quality error threshold	20	Timir			
	Quality warning threshold		- inp	g La la	· ·	

Figure 9.5: Configuration of the switching outputs

Possible signals via the switching outputs:

- Position limit 1/2 Signals a value above/below the position limit.
- Invalid position Signals that no valid position can be ascertained.
- Speed limit Signals a value above/below the speed limit.
- Speed limit value 1-4 Signals that speed limit value 1-4 has been exceeded or has not been met.
- Invalid speed
   Signals that no valid speed can be ascertained.
- Quality warning threshold Signals that the reading quality is less than the warning threshold.
- Quality error threshold Signals that the reading quality is less than the error threshold.
- Device error Signals a device error.

#### Configuring switching inputs

Select the function of the switching input from the Function list:

- No function
- Start/stop measurement
- · Teach preset
- · Reset preset

- ♦ Configure the timing; see chapter "Timing functions of the switching inputs/outputs".
- - Click the 😥 symbol.

BPS 307i SM 10 webConfig	00						Leuze electronic the sensor peop
and the second se	HOME	ALIGNMENT CONFIGUR	ATION PROCE	SS DIAGNOSI	S MAINTENA	NCE	
	OVERVIEW	DEVICE MEASUREMENT D	ATA DATA PROCE	SSING OUTPUT	COMMUNICATION		
Service — O				6			🍇 🎼 - 📧 -
NAVIGATION #		OVERVIEW OF THE	SWITCHING INPUTS	AND OUTPUTS			DESCRIPTION Digital I/Os:
w. inputs/outputs	SW. INPUTS/OUTPUTS		Signal Pulse	Switch-on Switch	-off Debounce	^	The mode of operation of the tw
splay	channel mode Function		delay duration	delay delay	time	Inverted	digital inputs/outputs is set here The output is activated by variou
	Output Invalid po     Input Teach pre		- 0 - 0	0 - 0 0	5	0	events in the device. If used as input, a device function is controlled by an external signal.
	I/O CHANNEL 2						In addition, the time behavior (start-up delay, debounce time
	I/O mode Input 🗸	Function Teach preset	~	Signal delay	Pulse o	luration	can be configured.
	Timing PWR/SWIO Timing - Input signal - Input signal - Unor signal		itch-off delay 0 ∰ [ms] time_	R1 0 Deac	ivation function 		
	<					, ,	
	[Planning engineer]						HOST IN AD HOST OUT

Figure 9.6: Configuration of the switching inputs

#### Timing functions of the switching inputs/outputs

The timing functions (e.g., start-up delay) can **only** be configured with the webConfig tool.

- Start-up delay With this setting, the output pulse is delayed by the specified time (in ms).
- Switch-on time

Defines the switch-on time period for the switching input. Any activated switch-off function then no longer has any function.

If the output is deactivated via the switch-off signal before the start-up delay lapses, only a brief pulse appears at the output following the start-up delay.

Debounce time

Parameter for setting the software debounce time for the switching input. The definition of a debounce time extends the signal transition time accordingly.

If this parameter has the value O, no debouncing takes place. Otherwise, the set value corresponds to the time (in ms) that the input signal must be present and stable.

• Switch-off delay This parameter specifies the duration of the switch-off delay (in ms). Configuration of the resolution for position and speed measurement on the SSI interface (*OUTPUT* tab, *Preparation > SSI*)

BPS 307/ SM 10 webConfig	НОМЕ	ALIGNMENT	ONFIGURATION	PROCESS DIA	GNOSIS	MAINTENANCE	Leuze electronic the sensor people
	OVERVIEW	Sector and the sector of the sector		PROCESSING OUTP	-	UNICATION	_
Service — O		<u>13</u> 3	▲ 🐇				🍇 📑 • 🖼 •
Output Preparations SSI webConfig HOST formatting	RESOLUTION Resolution of the position Velocity resolution	value	Factor 1 Factor 1	▼ ▼			Resolution of the position value           Minimum:           Factor 1/100           Maximum:           Eree resolution           Standard:         Factor 1/100           Address:         3466, 0x08A,           Type:         ENUM           Selection of the resolution of the position value. Affects only the SSI output. The resolution has no effect on the set parameter values such as offset or preset.
2	[Pfanning engineer]						HoSTIN4¢ HoSTOUT4¢

Figure 9.7: webConfig function *OUTPUT > Preparation > SSI* 

- Position resolution
   Resolution for the position value
- Speed resolution Resolution for the speed value

# Configuration of the bar code tape selection and tape value correction (*MEASUREMENT DATA* tab, *Bar code tape*)

- Bar code tape with 30 mm grid or 40 mm grid
- Tape value correction With this parameter, the deviation of the BCB from the correct millimeter scaling that arises from the production process can be corrected.

#### Configuration of position detection (DATA PROCESSING tab, Position > Detection)

- Integration depth
   Number of successive measurements that the BPS uses for position determination.
- Scaling free resolution Free scaling of the output of the position values.
- Preset
- A preset position value (preset value) is activated at an appropriate position.
- Offset

Output value=measurement value+offset If a preset is active, this has priority over the offset.

• Error handling procedures Parameters for the position value in case of failure.

# Configuration of position monitoring (DATA PROCESSINGtab, Position > Monitoring)

• Position limit value 1/2 Signals that the position value is outside of the configured limit value range.

#### Configuration of speed detection (DATA PROCESSING tab, Speed > Detection)

- Speed measurement averaging Measurement value preparation averages all speed values calculated during the selected period (averaging) to yield a speed output value.
- Scaling free resolution Free scaling of the output of the speed values.
- Error handling procedures Parameters for the speed value in case of failure.

#### Configuration of speed monitoring (DATA PROCESSING tab, Measurement data > Speed > Monitoring)

• Speed limit value 1-4 Signals that the speed is outside of the configured limit value range.

#### Configuration of the measurement value display (DATA PROCESSING tab, General preparation)

Unit of measurement: metric or inch

- Counting direction Count direction for position calculation or sign for speed calculation.
- Output mode sign Output mode of the sign. Affects position value and speed output.

#### Configuration of monitoring of the reading quality (DATA PROCESSING tab, Reading quality)

- Warning threshold for reading quality in %
- Error threshold for reading quality in %

#### Configuration of the communication data (COMMUNICATION tab)

- · Configuration of the SERVICE USB interface
- Selection of the master clock frequency according to the request frequency of the control (master):
  - 80 kHz 800 kHz
  - 50 kHz 79 kHz
- Update rate of the measurement values on the SSI interface. The measurement value is updated independent of the clock frequency.
  - 2 ms
  - 1 ms
  - 200 µs
  - 50 µs

# 9.3.3 ALIGNMENT function

#### NOTICE

#### ALIGNMENT function only in the Service operating mode!

b The BPS can only be aligned using the ALIGNMENT function in the Service operating mode.

The *ALIGNMENT* function serves to simplify mounting and alignment of the BPS. The laser is to be activated via the **Start** icon so that the function can monitor and directly display the measurement values for position and speed and determine the optimum installation location.

In addition, reading quality (in %), working distance and the number of labels in the scanning beam can be displayed. Using this information, it is possible to assess how well the BPS is aligned with the BCB.

0 ]]

During output of the read results, the BPS is controlled by the webConfig tool.

	MEASUREMENT VALUE MONITORING	
Service — 🕑		📑 • 🍇 I
AVIGATION F	MEASUREMENT VALUES	FEATURES
arement values +	MEASUREMENT VALUES	OPTIONS
y	Scan number 8800 Velocity 0.000 Position (353.000	Buffer size 1000 + Evaluation frequency 100 +
	4/2 00 mm	DISPLAY AREA
	4451.000 mm	Velocity 0.00 to 0
	4453.000 mm	Starting interstitement
	HERRON	Number of measurements 27/1
	400.200 mm0 d310	mm/x
	402.000 mm	
	413.00 m Poston 020	
	4113 200 mm	E DESCRIPTION     Stopping and resuming monitor output
		Press the pause button to pause the ongoing monitor output measurement.

Figure 9.8: ALIGNMENT webConfig function

# 9.3.4 *PROCESS* function

The *PROCESS* function serves to control the current measurement data in the *Process* operating mode. The measurement results are output in tabular form – strictly as monitor output. The **Pause/Start** icon can be used to interrupt and resume monitor recording.

webConfig		HOME	ALIGNMENT	CONFIGURATIO	N PROCE	SS DIAG	NOSIS N	IAINTENANCE		the sensor p
					NIDDENT.					
0					URRENT					
Service O										🍇 🏢 - 🖪
NAVIGATION #			c	URRENT READ	ATA IN PROCI	ESS MODE				T DESCRIPTION
cess monitor										This display allows the curre
cess monitor +	PROCES	S DATA								measurement values to be checked in process mode.
	Index -	Scan number 🗇	Position [mm] \$	Velocity [mm/s] 🗇	Quality [%] 🗘	Distance [mm] 🗇	Information ©	Tape change 🔅		Unlike the output of the read
	0	94728	44433	0	98	74	-	-		results in the Alignment tab,
	1	94743	44433	0	97	73	-	-	^	strictly a monitor output, i.e., measurement is not controlle
	2	94758	44433	0	97	74		-		webConfig here.
	3	94773	44433	0	97	74	-	-		Use the pause button to inte
	4	94788	44433	0	97	73	-	-		and resume monitor recordin
	5	94803	44433	0	97	74	-	-		Please note!
	6	94818	44433	0	98	74	-	-		<u> </u>
	7	94833	44433	0	98	74	-	-		The read data are stored on temporarily for one-time retri
	8	94848	44433	0	97	74	-	-		Parallel operation of this disp
	9	94863	44433	0	97	73	1	-		multiple webConfig instanc
	10 11	94878 94893	44433 44433	0	97 97	74 73	-	-		therefore, not supported!
	12	94893	44433	0	97 98	73	-	-		
1	12	94908	44433	0	98	73		-		1
	14	94938	44433	0	97	73				
	15	94953	44433	0	97	74				
	16	94968	44433	0	97	73	1	12		
	17	94983	44433	0	97	73	-	-		
	18	94998	44433	0	97	73				
	19	95013	44433	0	98	73	-	-		
	20	95028	44433	0	98	74	-	12		
	21	95043	44433	0	97	73	-	-		
	22	95058	44433	0	97	73	-	2		
	23	95073	44433	0	97	73	-	-		
	24	95088	44433	0	97	73	2	-		
	25	95103	44433	0	97	73	-	-		
	26	95118	44433	0	98	73	-	-		
	27	95133	44433	0	98	73	-	-		
	28	95148	44433	0	98	73	-	-		
	29	95163	44433	0	98	73	-	-		
	30	95178	44433	0	98	74	74	-	~	
	31	95193	44433	0	98	73	-	-	Y	

Figure 9.9: PROCESS webConfig function

# 9.3.5 DIAGNOSTICS function

The *DIAGNOSTICS* function is available in the *Process* and *Service* operating modes. The device event log is displayed with the *DIAGNOSTICS* function.

		5 8 8	8		- 🍇 🖪		
		DISPLAY OF SYSTE	MEVENTS		F DESCRIPTION		
DISPLAY OF SYSTEM EVENTS OPTIONS							
Number of messages		Message filter			recorded in the event log. Depending on their importance these are classified as info.		
Total	0	Status All mes	sages 💌		warning, error and critical The statistics counters deter		
Not acknowledged	0	0 Class Errors and warnings					
EVENTLOG					non-acknowledged message With the message filters, the events can be filtered accord		
S No. Class	ID Description	Source	Additional information	Time	their status and their class.		
-							
					. Form		
					e vena		
	Number of messages Total Not acknowledged EVENT LOG	Number of messages Total 0 Not acknowledged 0 EVENT LOG	OPTIONS Number of messages Message filter Total 0 Status All meet Not acknowledged 0 Class Errors a EVENT LOG	Number of messages         Message filter           Total         0         Status         All messages         •           Not acknowledged         0         Class         Errors and warnings         •           EVENT LOG            •         •	OPTIONS         Message filter           Total         0         Status         All messages           Not admonifedged         0         Class         Errors and warnings         ¥           EVENT LOG <t< td=""></t<>		

Figure 9.10: *DIAGNOSTICS* webConfig function

# 9.3.6 MAINTENANCE function

The *MAINTENANCE* function is only available in the *Service* operating mode.

Functionalities:

- User management
- Devices Backup/Restore
- Firmware update
- System clock
- · Settings of the user interface

BPS 348i SM 100 webConfig	D			Leuze electronic				
and a second	HOME ALIGNMENT	CONFIGURATION PROCESS DIAGNO	SIS MAINTENANCE					
		USER MANAGEMENT						
Service — Service — Process —		💑 Backup 🔏 🕬		it 🔒 🗷 ·				
NAVIGATION		DEVICES BACKUP/RESTORE		# DESCRIPTION				
Backup/Restore	BACKUP		The button is enabled after an archive file has been					
Firmware update	The file made available for backup	successfully checked. Pressing this button starts the						
	File name: BPS_348_Backup_2014-01-29.arc							
System clock				several minutes. Upon conclusion of the restore process, the device				
Settings	RESTORE	is restarted. It is recommended that the						
		File to be used for the restore operation:						
	File name: Durchsut	hen		cache cleared.				
	Information			When loading a backup, please note:				
	Parameter Devic	e information	File information	The backup version can contain other interface parameters, such				
		148i SM 100 D		as the IP address!				
	Firmware version T 0.3	1						
	Upload status							
	Parameter Value	(						
	Status							
	Information							
	h.							
http://192.168.61.100/#	Planning engineer]			HOST IN \$ HOST OUT \$				

Figure 9.11: MAINTENANCE webConfig function

# 10 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 10.1 What to do in case of failure?

After switching on the BPS, display elements (see chapter 3.3) assist in checking the proper function and troubleshooting.

In case of error, you can determine the error from the LED displays. With the error message you can determine the cause of the error and initiate measures to rectify it.

⇔ Switch off the system and leave it switched off.

Analyze the cause of the error using the operation indicators, the error messages and the diagnostic tools (also with the help of the webConfig tool, *DIAGNOSTICS* tab) and rectify the error.

#### NOTICE

#### Contact Leuze electronic subsidiary/customer service.

If you are unable to rectify a fault, contact the Leuze electronic branch responsible for you or call the Leuze electronic customer service (see chapter 12 "Service and support").

#### 10.1.1 Diagnostics with webConfig tool

System events are displayed in the webConfig tool via the *DIAGNOSTICS* tab. Noteworthy system events are recorded in the event log. Depending on their importance, the events are classified as info, warning, error and critical error. The statistics counters detect the number of all recorded as well as non-acknowl-edged messages. With the message filters, the events can be filtered according to their status and their class.

		HOME AUGNMENT	EVENTS STATIS	OCESS DIAGNOSIS MAINTENANCE				
Service  Process			5 B B	8		- 🍇 🖽 ·		
NAVIGATION	£		DISPLAY OF SYSTE	M EVENTS		I DESCRIPTION		
nt log	OPTIONS	Noteworthy system events are recorded in the event log						
	Number of messages		Message filter			Depending on their importance these are classified as info.		
	Total	0	Status All mes			warning, error and critical err The statistics counters detect t		
	Not acknowledged	0	Class Errors a	ind warnings		number of all recorded as well non-acknowledged messages		
	EVENT LOG					With the message filters, the events can be filtered accordin		
	S No. Class	ID Description	Source	Additional information	Time	their status and their class.		

Figure 10.1: DIAGNOSTICS webConfig function

#### 10.2 Operating indicators of the LEDs

You can ascertain general causes of errors via the PWR and BUS status LEDs (see table 10.4).

Error	Possible cause	Measures
Off	<ul> <li>No supply voltage connected to the device</li> <li>Hardware error</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check supply voltage</li> <li>Contact Leuze electronic customer service (see chapter 12 "Service and support")</li> </ul>
Red, flashing	<ul> <li>No bar code in the scanning beam</li> <li>No valid measurement value</li> </ul>	Query BCB diagnostic data and carry out the resulting measures (see table 10.5)
Orange, continuous light	Device in <i>Service</i> mode	<ul> <li>Reset the device to <i>Process</i> mode using the webConfig tool</li> </ul>

Table 10.1: PWR LED displays – causes and measures

# 10.3 Error messages on the display

Via the optional display of the BPS, the device outputs the following possible error status information while it has the *BPS Info* device status:

System OK

BPS operating error-free.

• Warning

Warning message. Query the device status in the webConfig tool.

• Error

Device function is not ensured.

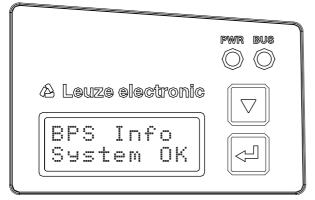


Figure 10.2: Example: Device status/error status information on the display

# 10.4 Checklist for causes of errors

Table 10.2: Service interface errors – causes and measures

Error	Possible cause	Measures
webConfig does not start	<ul> <li>Incorrectly connected interconnection cable</li> <li>Connected BPS is not recognized</li> <li>No communication via USB service interface</li> <li>Old webConfig configuration in the browser cache</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check interconnection cable</li> <li>Install USB driver</li> <li>Clear browser history</li> </ul>

Error	Possible cause	Measures
Sporadic interface error	<ul> <li>Check wiring for proper con- tacting</li> </ul>	Check wiring: • Check wire shielding • Check wires used
	EMC coupling	<ul> <li>Observe contact quality of screwed or soldered contacts in the wiring</li> <li>Avoid EMC coupling caused by power cables laid parallel to device lines</li> <li>Separate laying of power and data com- munications cables</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Maximum cable length exceeded</li> </ul>	Check cable lengths according to the data rate

Error	Possible cause	Measures
BUS LED "Off"	<ul> <li>No supply voltage connected to the device</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check supply voltage</li> </ul>
	Hardware error	Send device to customer service
BUS LED "red flashing"	Incorrect wiring	Check wiring
	Communication error	<ul><li>Check SSI parameters</li><li>Carry out a reset on the control</li></ul>
	Different protocol settings	Check protocol settings

## Table 10.5: Position measurement errors – causes and measures

Error	Possible cause	Measures
Measurement value or reading quality is continuously instable	<ul> <li>Soiling of the BPS optics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean the optics of the BPS</li> </ul>
Measurement value or reading quality is poor • at certain posi- tion values • always at the same position values	Soiling of the bar code tape	<ul> <li>Clean the bar code tape</li> <li>Replace the bar code tape</li> </ul>
No measurement value can be deter- mined	<ul> <li>No code in scanning beam</li> <li>Code not in the working range of the BPS</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Align the scanning beam with the bar code tape</li> <li>Align the BPS with the bar code tape (working range 50 mm 170 mm)</li> </ul>
Faulty measure- ment value	<ul> <li>Wrong bar code tape BCB grid different from BPS configuration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change BPS configuration to the bar code tape that is being used</li> </ul>

## 11 Care, maintenance and disposal

## 11.1 Cleaning

If there is dust on the BPS device:

Clean the BPS device with a soft cloth; use a cleaning agent (commercially available glass cleaner) if necessary.

## NOTICE

### Do not use aggressive cleaning agents!

bo not use aggressive cleaning agents such as thinner or acetone for cleaning the BPS device. Use of improper cleaning agents can damage the lens cover.

## 11.2 Servicing

The BPS does not normally require any maintenance by the operator. Repairs to the device must only be carried out by the manufacturer.

For repairs, contact your responsible Leuze electronic subsidiary or Leuze electronic customer service (see chapter 12 "Service and support").

### 11.2.1 Firmware update

A firmware update can only be performed by Leuze electronic Service on-site or at the company headquarters.

For firmware updates, contact your responsible Leuze electronic subsidiary or Leuze electronic customer service (see chapter 12).

#### 11.2.2 BCB repair with repair kit

#### NOTICE

### Do not use the BCB repair kit on a permanent basis!

以 Use the bar code tape created with the repair kit only temporarily as an emergency solution.

The optical and mechanical properties of the self-printed bar code tape do not correspond to those of the original bar code tape.

Self-printed bar code tape should not remain in the system on a permanent basis.

Sepair bar code tapes in lengths of 1 m can be ordered from Leuze electronic on request.

If a bar code tape was damaged, e.g., by falling parts, you can download a repair kit for the BCB from the Internet.

www.leuze.com > Products > Measuring Sensors > Sensors for Positioning > BPS 300i > (Name of the BPS) > Tab Downloads > Repair kit.



In the repair kit files, you will find all position values with 30 mm grid and 40 mm grid.

### Layout:

- BCB8: 0.9 m of bar code tape is provided on each A4 sheet.
   Five lines of 18 cm with six code-information segments of 30 mm each
   Tape lengths: 0 ... 500 m, 500 ... 1000 m, 1000 ... 1500 m ... 2500 ... 3000 m
- BCB: 1 m of bar code tape is provided on each A4 sheet. Five lines of 20 cm with five code-information sections of 40 mm each Tape lengths: 0 ... 500 m, 500 ... 1000 m, 1000 ... 1500 m and 1500 ... 2000 m

### Replacing a section of defective bar code tape

- ♦ Determine the coding of the defective area.
- ♦ Print out the coding for the given area.

♦ Affix the printed code over the defective section of bar code tape.

## NOTICE

## Printing coding

- ♦ Select only those pages that are actually required.
- b Change the printer settings so that the bar code is not distorted.
- Check the print results and measure the distance between two bar codes (see figure 11.1 and see figure 11.2):

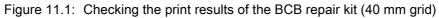
BCB: 40 mm

BCB8: 30 mm

<sup>t</sup> Cut the code strips and arrange them next to one another. The code content must always increase or decrease in increments of 30 mm or 40 mm.

Check that the printed values increase by 3 or 4.









## 11.3 Disposing

b For disposal observe the applicable national regulations regarding electronic components.

## 12 Service and support

24-hour on-call service at: +49 (0) 7021 573 - 0

Service hotline: +49 (0) 7021 573 - 123 Monday to Friday 8.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. (UTC+1)

E-mail: service.identify@leuze.de

Repair service and returns: Procedure and Internet form can be found at **www.leuze.com/repair** Return address for repairs: Service center Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG In der Braike 1 D-73277 Owen / Germany

## 12.1 What to do should servicing be required?

### NOTICE

## Please use this chapter as a master copy if service is required!

Enter the contact information and fax the form together with your service order to the fax number given below.

#### Customer data (please complete)

Device type:	
Serial number:	
Firmware:	
Display messages:	
Status of LEDs:	
Error description:	
Company:	
Contact person/department:	
Phone (direct dial):	
Fax:	
Street/No:	
ZIP code/City:	
Country:	

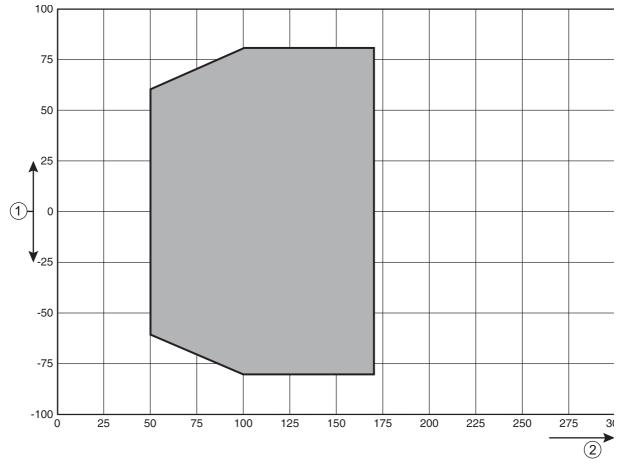
Leuze Service fax number: +49 7021 573 - 199

#### 13 **Technical data**

#### 13.1 General specifications

Table 13.1: Optics

Light source	Laser diode
Wavelength	655 nm
Life expectancy laser diode	100,000 h (typ. at +25 °C)
Beam deflection	Via rotating polygon wheel
Exit window	Glass
Laser class	2 acc. to IEC 60825-1:2007 (EN 60825-1:2008-05); II acc. to CDRH (U.S. 21 CFR 1040.10 with deviations cor- responding to "Laser Notice No. 50" from June 24, 2007)
Working range	50 mm 170 mm At a reading distance of 50 mm, the reading field width is 120 mm. At a reading distance beyond 100 mm, the reading field width is 160 mm (see figure 13.1, BPS reading field curve).



Reading field width [mm] Reading distance [mm] 1

2

Figure 13.1: BPS reading field curve

## Table 13.2: Measurement data

Reproducibility (3 sigma)	±0.15 mm
Response time	8 ms
Output time	2 ms
Basis for contouring error calculation	4 ms
Measurement range	0 10,000,000 mm
Max. traverse rate	10 m/s

Table 15.5. Operating and display elements	Table 13.3:	Operating and display elements
--------------------------------------------	-------------	--------------------------------

Display	Monochromatic graphical display, 128 x 32 pixels, With background lighting
Keyboard	Two buttons
LEDs	Two LEDs for power (PWR) and bus state (BUS), two-colored (red/green)

## Table 13.4: Mechanical data

Housing	Diecast aluminum
Connection technology	<ul> <li>BPS with MS 307: M12 connectors</li> <li>BPS with MK 307: Terminal blocks with spring-cage terminals (5-pin)</li> <li>BPS with KB 307: cable connection</li> </ul>
Degree of protection	IP 65
Weight	Approx. 580 g (without connection hood)
Dimensions (without connection hood)	(H x W x D) 108.7 mm x 100.0 mm x 48.3 mm
Dimensions (with MS 307 connection hood)	(H x W x D) 108.7 mm x 100.0 mm x 48.3 mm
Dimensions (with MK 307 connection hood)	(H x W x D) 147.4 mm x 100.0 mm x 48.3 mm
Dimensions (with KB 307 connection hood)	(H x W x D) 108.7 mm x 100.0 mm x 48.3 mm
Dimensions of MS 307 connection hood	(H x W x D) 64.0 mm x 43.5 mm x 33.5 mm
Dimensions of MK 307 connection hood	(H x W x D) 64.0 mm x 43.5 mm x 83.5 mm
Dimensions of KB 307 connection hood	(H x W x D) 64.0 mm x 43.5 mm x 18.1 mm

## Table 13.5: Environmental data

Air humidity	Max. 90% rel. humidity, non-condensing
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc
Shock Continuous shock	IEC 60068-2-27, test Ea
Electromagnetic compatibility	IEC 61000-6-3 IEC 61000-6-2 (contains IEC 61000-4-2, -3, -4, -5, -6)

Table 13.6:Certifications, conformity

Conformity	CE, CDRH
Certifications	UL 60950-1, CSA C 22.2 No. 60950-1

#### 

## UL applications!

For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).

## 13.1.1 BPS without heating

#### 

## **UL** applications!

For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).

Table 13.7:Electrical equipment

Interface type	SSI SSI clock rate (CLOCK): 50 kHz 800 kHz
Service USB interface	Mini-B type USB 2.0 socket
Switching input / switching output	Two switching inputs/outputs Switching input: 18 30 VDC depending on supply volt- age, I max. = 8 mA Switching output: 18 30 VDC, depending on supply voltage, I max. = 60 mA (short-circuit proof) Switching inputs/outputs protected against polarity rever- sal!
PWR LED green	Device ready (power on)
Operating voltage $U_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	18 30 VDC (Class 2, protection class III)
Power consumption	Max. 3.7 W

#### Table 13.8:Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature (operation)	-5 °C +50 °C
Ambient temperature (storage)	-35 °C +70 °C

## 13.1.2 BPS with heating

UL applications!	
For UL applications, use is only permitted in Class 2 circuits in accordance with the NEC (National Electric Code).	

Table 13.9:	Electrical equipment
-------------	----------------------

	40 20.1/00
Operating voltage U <sub>B</sub>	18 30 VDC
Power consumption	Max. 17.7 W
Structure of the heating	Housing heating and separate heating of the optics glass
Warmup time	Minimum 30 min at +24 VDC and an ambient temperature of -35 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$
Minimum conductor cross section	Conductor cross section of at least 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> for the sup- ply voltage supply line. <b>Note:</b> Wiring through of the voltage supply to multiple heating devices is not permissible. Standard, M12 ready-made cable not usable (insufficient conductor cross section).

Table 13.10:	Ambient temperature
--------------	---------------------

Ambient temperature (operation)	-35 °C +50 °C
Ambient temperature (storage)	-35 °C +70 °C

# 13.2 Bar code tape

Table 13.11:	BCB dimensions
--------------	----------------

	ВСВ	BCB8
Grid	40 mm	30 mm
Standard height	47 mm	47 mm
Preferred heights	25 mm, Special heights for lengths greater than 150 m	25 mm, 30 mm, special heights for lengths greater than 150 m
Length	0 5m, 0 10m, 0 20m,, 0 150m, 0 200m; Special lengths and special codings for lengths greater than 150 m (see chapter 14)	0 5 m, 0 10 m, 0 20 m,, 0 150 m; Special lengths and special codings for lengths greater than 150 m (see chapter 14)
Tape tolerance	±1 mm per meter	±1 mm per meter

NOTICE	
Twin tapes on request	
♥ Twin tapes can be ordered on request (see chapter 14).	

## Table 13.12: BCB structure

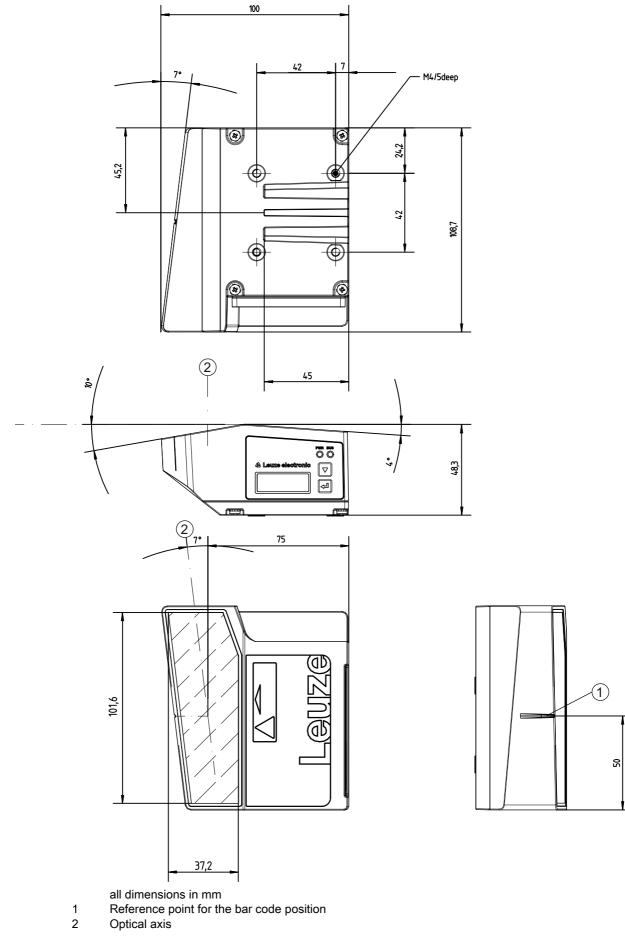
Manufacturing process	Filmsetting	
Surface protection	Polyester, matt	
Base material	Polyester film, affixed without silicone	

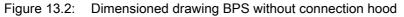
Adhesive	Acrylate adhesive
Strength of adhesive	0.1 mm
Adhesive strength (average values)	On aluminum: 25 N/25 mm On steel: 25 N/25 mm On polycarbonate: 22 N/25 mm On polypropylene: 20 N/25 mm

## Table 13.13: BCB environmental data

Recommended processing temperature	0 °C +45 °C	
Ambient temperature	-40 °C +120 °C	
Dimensional stability	No shrinkage, tested according to DIN 30646	
Curing	Final curing after 72 h; the BPS can detect the position immediately after the BCB is affixed.	
Tear resistance	150 N	
Elongation at tear	Min. 80%, tested in accordance with DIN 50014, DIN 51220	
Weathering resistance	UV-light, humidity, salt spray (150 h/5 %)	
Chemical resistance (checked at 23 °C over 24 h)	Transformer oil, diesel oil, white spirit, heptane, ethylene glycol (1:1)	
Behavior in fire	Self-extinguishing after 15 s, does not drip	
Surface	Grease-free, dry, clean, smooth	
Mechanical properties	Scratch and wipe resistant, UV resistant, moisture resis- tant, partly chemical resistant	

# 13.3 Dimensioned drawings





Dimensioned drawing BPS with MS 348 connection hood

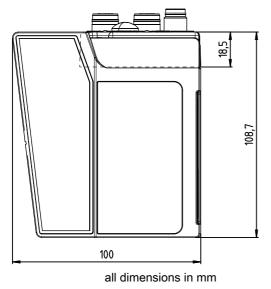


Figure 13.3: Dimensioned drawing BPS with MS 307 connection hood

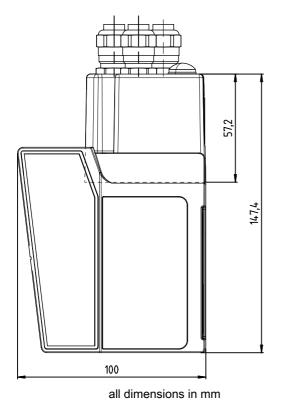


Figure 13.4: Dimensioned drawing BPS with MK 307 connection hood

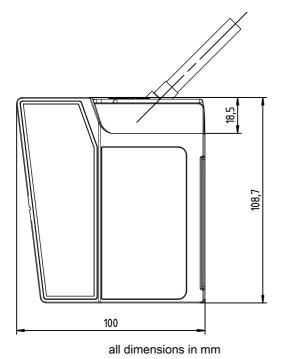
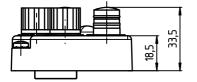
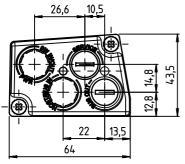


Figure 13.5: Dimensioned drawing BPS with KB 307 connection hood

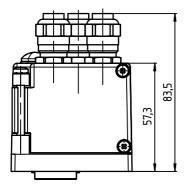
## 13.4 Dimensioned drawings: Accessories

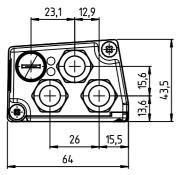




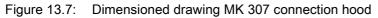
all dimensions in mm

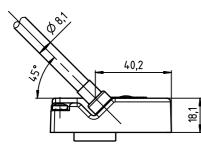
Figure 13.6: Dimensioned drawing MS 307 connection hood

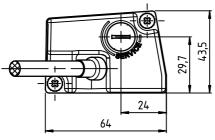




all dimensions in mm

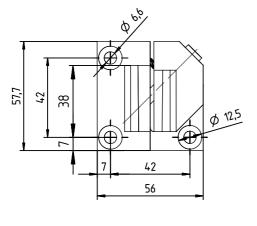


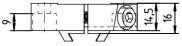




all dimensions in mm

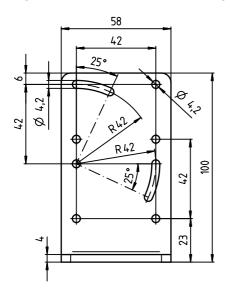
Figure 13.8: Dimensioned drawing KB 307 connection hood

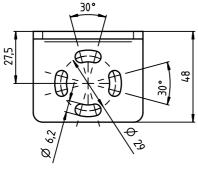




all dimensions in mm

Figure 13.9: Dimensioned drawing BTU 0300M-W mounting device

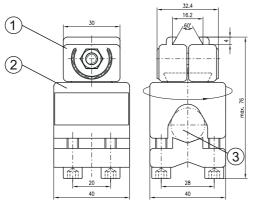




all dimensions in mm

Figure 13.10: Dimensioned drawing BT 300-W mounting bracket

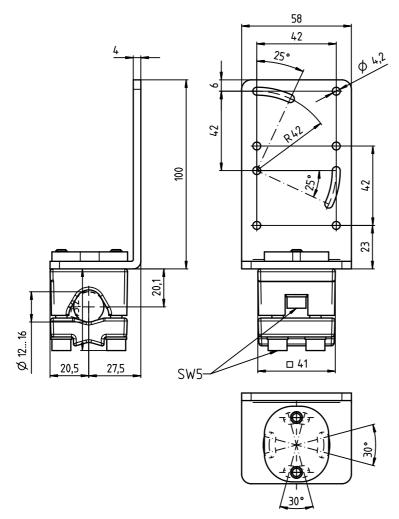
1



all dimensions in mm

- Clamping jaws for mounting on the BPS
- 2 Clamp profile for fastening to round or oval pipes ( $\neg$  16 ... 20 mm)
- 3 Rod holder, turnable 360 °

Figure 13.11: Dimensioned drawing BT 56 mounting device



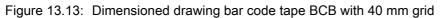
all dimensions in mm

Figure 13.12: Dimensioned drawing BT 300-1 mounting device

## 13.5 Dimensioned drawing bar code tape



all dimensions in mm



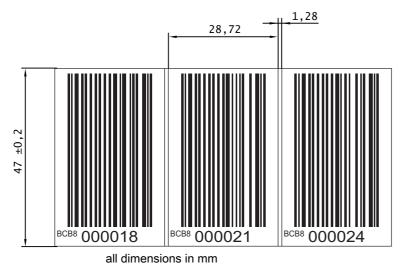


Figure 13.14: Dimensioned drawing bar code tape BCB8 with 30 mm grid

## 14 Order guide and accessories

## 14.1 BPS 307i type overview

Table 14.1:	BPS 307i type overview
-------------	------------------------

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50125677	BPS 307i SM 100 D H	BPS with SSI interface, display and heating
50125678	BPS 307i SM 100 D	BPS with SSI interface and display
50125679	BPS 307i SM 100	BPS with SSI interface
50136334	BPS 307i SM 100 H	BPS with SSI interface and heating

## 14.2 Connection hoods

Table 14.2:BPS connection hoods

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50126130	MS 307	Connection hood with M12 connectors
50126131	MK 307	Connection hood with spring-cage terminals
50126132	KB 307-3000	Connection hood with 3 m cable
50128803	KB 307-5000 FLEX	FLEX connection hood with FLEX cable, 5 m
50128804	KB 307-10000 FLEX	FLEX connection hood with FLEX cable, 10 m

## 14.3 Cables accessories

Table 14.3:	Accessories – PWR connection cable (voltage supply)
-------------	-----------------------------------------------------

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50104557	K-D M12A-5P-5m-PVC	PWR connection cable, M12 socket for PWR, axial plug outlet, open cable end, cable length 5 m, not shielded
50104559	K-D M12A-5P-10m-PVC	PWR connection cable, M12 socket for PWR, axial plug outlet, open cable end, cable length 10 m, not shielded

Table 14.4: Accessories – SSI/Interbus connection cable (only for RS 232)

Part no.	Part designation	Description
M12 plug for SSI	/Interbus, axial connector, open line	e end
50104172	KB SSI/IBS-2000-BA	SSI/Interbus connection cable, length 2 m
50104171	KB SSI/IBS-5000-BA	SSI/Interbus connection cable, length 5 m
50104170	KB SSI/IBS-10000-BA	SSI/Interbus connection cable, length 10 m
50104169	KB SSI/IBS-15000-BA	SSI/Interbus connection cable, length 15 m
50108446	KB SSI/IBS-30000-BA	SSI/Interbus connection cable, length 30 m

## 14.4 Other accessories

Table 14.5:	Accessories – BPS connectors
-------------	------------------------------

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50020501	KD 095-5A	M12 axial socket for voltage supply, shielded
50038538	KD 02-5-BA	M12 axial socket, B-coded, for SSI, shielded

Table 14.6: Accessory USB cable

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50117011	KB USBA-USBminiB	USB service cable, 1 Type A and Mini-B type con- nector, length 1 m

## Table 14.7: Mounting device accessories

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50124941	BTU 0300M-W	Mounting device for wall mounting – precise align- ment of the BPS without adjustment (easy-mount).
50121433	BT 300 W	Mounting bracket for wall mounting
50027375	BT 56	Mounting device for rod
50121434	BT 300-1	Mounting device for rod

## 14.5 Bar code tapes

Table 14.8: Accessories – BCB

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50038895	BCB 005	Bar code tape, 5 m length, 47 mm high
50040041	BCB 010	Bar code tape, 10 m length, 47 mm high
50037489	BCB 020	Bar code tape, 20 m length, 47 mm high
50037491	BCB 030	Bar code tape, 30 m length, 47 mm high
50037492	BCB 040	Bar code tape, 40 m length, 47 mm high
50038894	BCB 050	Bar code tape, 50 m length, 47 mm high
50038893	BCB 060	Bar code tape, 60 m length, 47 mm high
50038892	BCB 070	Bar code tape, 70 m length, 47 mm high
50038891	BCB 080	Bar code tape, 80 m length, 47 mm high
50038890	BCB 090	Bar code tape, 90 m length, 47 mm high
50037493	BCB 100	Bar code tape, 100 m length, 47 mm high
50040042	BCB 110	Bar code tape, 110 m length, 47 mm high
50040043	BCB 120	Bar code tape, 120 m length, 47 mm high
50040044	BCB 130	Bar code tape, 130 m length, 47 mm high
50040045	BCB 140	Bar code tape, 140 m length, 47 mm high
50040046	BCB 150	Bar code tape, 150 m length, 47 mm high

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50037494	BCB 200	Bar code tape, 200 m length, 47 mm high
50037495	BCB special length 47 mm height	Bar code tape with special length, 47 mm high
50102600	BCB special length 25 mm height	Bar code tape with special length, 25 mm high
50106979	BCB special length / height	Bar code tape with special length and height
50111786	BCB special length / height / winding	Bar code tape with special length, height and wrapping direction
50106478	MVS label 40 mm 10 pieces	MVS label, 40 mm grid; packaging unit: 10 pieces
50126134	MV0 label 40 mm 10 pieces	MV0 label, 40 mm grid; packaging unit: 10 pieces
50106473	Repair kit 40 mm	Repair kit, 40 mm grid

## Table 14.9: Accessories – BCB8

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50104792	BCB8 010	Bar code tape, 10 m length, 47 mm high
50104793	BCB8 020	Bar code tape, 20 m length, 47 mm high
50104794	BCB8 030	Bar code tape, 30 m length, 47 mm high
50104795	BCB8 040	Bar code tape, 40 m length, 47 mm high
50104796	BCB8 050	Bar code tape, 50 m length, 47 mm high
50104797	BCB8 060	Bar code tape, 60 m length, 47 mm high
50104798	BCB8 070	Bar code tape, 70 m length, 47 mm high
50104799	BCB8 080	Bar code tape, 80 m length, 47 mm high
50104800	BCB8 090	Bar code tape, 90 m length, 47 mm high
50104801	BCB8 100	Bar code tape, 100 m length, 47 mm high
50104802	BCB8 110	Bar code tape, 110 m length, 47 mm high
50104803	BCB8 120	Bar code tape, 120 m length, 47 mm high
50104804	BCB8 130	Bar code tape, 130 m length, 47 mm high
50104805	BCB8 140	Bar code tape, 140 m length, 47 mm high
50104806	BCB8 150	Bar code tape, 150 m length, 47 mm high
50104807	BCB8 special length 47 mm height	Bar code tape with special length, 47 mm high
50104808	BCB8 special length 30 mm height	Bar code tape with special length, 30 mm high
50104809	BCB8 special length 25 mm height	Bar code tape with special length, 25 mm high
50106980	BCB8 special length / height	Bar code tape with special length and height

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50106476	MVS label 30 mm 10 pieces	MVS label, 30 mm grid; packaging unit: 10 pieces
50126135	MV0 label 30 mm 10 pieces	MV0 label, 30 mm grid; packaging unit: 10 pieces
50106472	Repair kit 30 mm	Repair kit, 30 mm grid

Table 14.10:Accessories – twin tapes

Part no.	Part designation	Description
50120378	BCB twin tape special length / height	BCB twin tape, 40 mm grid, with special length and high; delivery contents: 2 bar code tapes with the same value range
50120379	BCB8 twin tape special length / height	BCB8 twin tape, 30 mm grid, with special length and high; delivery contents: 2 bar code tapes with the same value range
50120380	BCB twin tape special length	BCB twin tape, 40 mm grid, 47 mm high; delivery contents: 2 bar code tapes with the same value range
50120381	BCB8 twin tape special length	BCB8 twin tape, 30 mm grid, 47 mm high; delivery contents: 2 bar code tapes with the same value range

# 15 EC Declaration of Conformity

The bar code positioning systems of the BPS 300 series have been developed and manufactured in accordance with the applicable European standards and directives.

The manufacturer of the product, **Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG** in D-73277 Owen, possesses a certified quality assurance system in accordance with ISO 9001.



## 16 Appendix

16.1 BCB bar code tape with 40 mm grid



Figure 16.1: Continuous, 40 mm grid

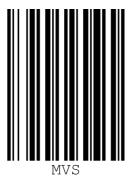


Figure 16.2: Single label MVS, 40 mm grid

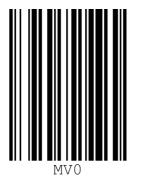


Figure 16.3: Single label MV0, 40 mm grid

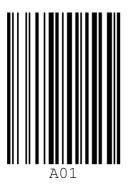
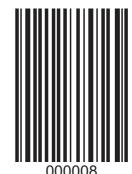
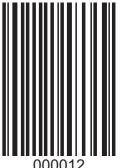
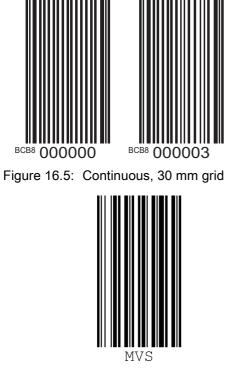


Figure 16.4: Single marker label, 40 mm grid





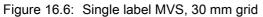
# 16.2 Bar code tape BCB8 with 30 mm grid



BCB8 000006

всва 000009

BCB8 000012



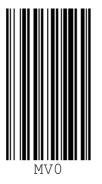


Figure 16.7: Single label MV0, 30 mm grid

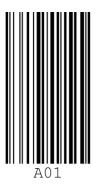


Figure 16.8: Single marker label, 30 mm grid

