LS 25B 2 adjustable throughbeam photoelectric sensor for detection through foils


- Throughbeam photoelectric sensor with infrared light source
- Extremely high performance reserve
- Small and compact construction with robust plastic housing, protection class IP 66/IP 67 for industrial application
- High-precision adjustment by potentiometer on transmitter and receiver
- PNP or NPN switching outputs
- Further options for adapting to the respective application
- Snap-locking connector for time-saving installation

[^0]Dimensioned drawing


A Green indicator diode
B Yellow indicator diode Optical axis
D Sensitivity adjustment
E Connector M8x1
F Connector M12x1
G Cable

## Electrical connection



## Specifications

## Optical data

Typ. operating range limit ${ }^{1)}$
Operating range ${ }^{2)}$
Light source ${ }^{3 \text { 3 }}$
Wavelength

## Timing

Switching frequency
Response time
Delay before start-up

## Electrical data

Operating voltage $U_{B}{ }^{4}$ )
Residual ripple
Open-circuit current
Switching output

Function characteristics
Signal voltage high/low
Output current
Operating range

## Indicators

## Green LED

## Mechanical data

Housing
Optics cover
Weight
Connection type

## Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage) ${ }^{5}$
Protective circuit ${ }^{6}$ )
VDE safety class ${ }^{7}$ )
Protection class
Light source
Standards applied
Certifications

## Options

Activation input activ
Transmitter active/not active
Activation/disable delay
Input resistance

240 m
200m
LED (modulated light)
850nm (infrared light)
100 Hz
5 ms
$\leq 300 \mathrm{~ms}$
$10 \ldots 30 \mathrm{VDC}$ (incl. residual ripple)
$\leq 15 \%$ of $U_{B}$
$\leq 20 \mathrm{~mA}$
.../44... 2 PNP switching outputs
pin 2: PNP dark switching
pin 4: PNP light switching
.../22... 2 NPN switching outputs
pin 2: NPN dark switching
pin 4: NPN light switching
light/dark switching
$\geq\left(\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}-2 \mathrm{~V}\right) / \leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$
max. 100 mA
adjustable with potentiometer on transmitter and receiver
ready
light path free
plastic (PC-ABS)
plastic (PMMA)
with connector: 15 g
with 2 m cable: 55 g
cable 2 m (cross section $4 \times 0.21 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ),
M8 or M12 connector
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2, 3
IP 66, IP 67
free group (in accordance with EN 62471)
IEC 60947-5-2
UL 508, C22.2 No.14-13 4) 5) 8)

## $\geq 8 \mathrm{~V} / \leq 2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $\leq 1 \mathrm{~ms}$

$10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \pm 10 \%$

1) Typ. operating range limit: max. attainable range without performance reserve
2) Operating range: recommended range with performance reserve
3) Average life expectancy $100,000 \mathrm{~h}$ at an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
4) For UL applications: for use in class 2 circuits according to NEC only
5) UL certified in the temperature range $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
6) $2=$ polarity reversal protection, $3=$ short-circuit protection for all transistor outputs
7) Rating voltage 50 V
8) These proximity switches shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated $30 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~min}$, in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7)

## UL REQUIREMENTS

Enclosure Type Rating: Type 1
For Use in NFPA 79 Applications only.
Adapters providing field wiring means are available from the manufacturer. Refer to manufacturers information.
CAUTION - the use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.
ATTENTION ! Si d'autres dispositifs d'alignement que ceux préconisés ici sont utilisés ou s'il est procédé autrement qu'indiqué, cela peut entraîner une exposition à des rayonnements et un danger pour les personnes.

## Tables

Typ. operating range limit [m]
## Diagrams




The diagram shows the typical distance range for detection through foils up to 1000 mm . Please contact us for operating ranges larger than 1000 mm .

## Remarks

Operate in accordance with intended use!
${ }^{4}>$ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
$\stackrel{4}{4}$ The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{ } \Rightarrow$ Only use the product in accordance with the intended use.

A light axis consists of a transmitter and a receiver with the following designations:

| LS | $=$ complete light axis |
| :--- | :--- |
| LSS | $=$ transmitter |
| LSE | $=$ receiver |

## LS 25B 2 adjustable throughbeam photoelectric sensor for detection through foils

## Order guide

The sensors listed here are preferred types; current information at www.leuze.com.

|  | Throughbeam photoelectric sensor for detection through foils with high performance reserve | Designation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| and sensitivity adjustment with potentiometer |  |  | Part no.

Any combinations of the transmitters and receivers listed here are possible.

## Adjusting the throughbeam photoelectric sensor LS 25B... .2...



## Adjustment for transparent foils

$\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{4}$ Set the potentiometer at the receiver at the center ("six o'clock")
${ }_{\wedge}{ }^{4}$ Position a multi-folded foil in front of the transmitter (fold four to six times)
() Turn the transmitter potentiometer counter-clockwise to the MIN position ("one o'clock").
$\stackrel{\wedge}{ }{ }^{\wedge}$ The yellow LED on the receiver must be OFF.
If not, turn the receiver potentiometer a little counterclockwise.
${ }^{4}$ Turn the transmitter potentiometer clockwise until yellow LED on receiver turns ON.
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\wedge}$ Move the foil stack. Yellow LED on the receiver must remain ON.
$\stackrel{H}{4}$ Hold showfinger in front of the foil stack. This must lead to the switching of the yellow receiver LED.


## Adjustment for opaque foils

$\left.{ }_{\wedge}\right)_{\text {Turn the the potentiometer on the receiver to the MAX position ("eleven o'clock") }}$
${ }^{4}$ ) Position a multi-folded foil in front of the transmitter (fold two to four times)
. Turn the transmitter potentiometer counter-clockwise to the MIN position ("one o'clock"). The yellow LED on the receiver must be OFF.
$\Leftrightarrow$ Turn the transmitter potentiometer clockwise until yellow LED on receiver turns ON.
$\stackrel{y}{ }{ }^{4}$ Move the foil stack. Yellow LED on the receiver must remain ON.
$\stackrel{4}{4}$ Hold showfinger in front of the foil stack. This must lead to the switching of the yellow receiver LED.


Transmitter


## NOTICE

In case of reflections on metallically glossy machine parts the reduction of the transmission power at the transmitter potentiometer is preferable to reducing the sensitivity on the receiver side.


[^0]:    m五

